

## binarly-io/efiXplorer

IDA plugin for UEFI firmware analysis and reverse engineering automation

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Chapter 0.0.0

root

## README.md

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[[efiXplorer CI](https://github.com/binarly-io/efiXplorer/actions/workflows/ci-  
build.yml/badge.svg)](https://github.com/binarly-io/efiXplorer/actions)
```

```
<p align="center">  
    
</p>
```

**efiXplorer** - IDA plugin for UEFI firmware analysis and reverse engineering automation

**Supported versions of Hex-Rays products:** everytime we focus on last versions of IDA and Decompiler because we try to use most recent features from new SDK releases. That means we tested only on recent versions of Hex-Rays products and do not guarantee stable work on previous generations.

**Why not IDAPython:** all code developed in C++ because it's a more stable and performant way to support a complex plugin and get full power of most recent SDK's features.

**Supported Platforms:** Windows, Linux and OSX.

## [efiXplorer core features](https://github.com/binarly-io/efiXplorer/wiki/efiXplorer-features)

## [efiXloader description](https://github.com/binarly-io/efiXplorer/wiki/efiXloader)

## [Build instructions and Installation](https://github.com/binarly-io/efiXplorer/wiki/Build-instruction-and-installation)

## Publications

- [efiXplorer: Hunting for UEFI Firmware Vulnerabilities at Scale with Automated Static Analysis](https://i.blackhat.com/eu-20/Wednesday/eu-20-Labunets-efiXplorer-Hunting-For-UEFI-Firmware-Vulnerabilities-At-Scale-With-Automated-Static-Analysis.pdf)
- [Static analysis-based recovery of service function calls in UEFI firmware](https://github.com/binarly-io/Research\_Publications/blob/main/EKO\_2020/EKO\_2020\_efiXplorer.pdf)
- [How efiXplorer helping to solve challenges in reverse engineering of UEFI firmware](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FFGQJBmRKLw)

## References

- https://github.com/LongSoft/UEFITool
  - https://github.com/yeggor/uefi\_retool
  - https://github.com/gdbinit/EFISwissKnife
  - https://github.com/snare/ida-efiutils
  - https://github.com/al3xtjames/ghidra-firmware-utils
  - https://github.com/DSecurity/efiSeek
  - https://github.com/p-state/ida-efitools2
  - https://github.com/zznop/bn-uefi-helper
- }

## CMakeLists.txt

```
CMAKE_MINIMUM_REQUIRED(VERSION 3.7)

PROJECT(efiXplorer_everything)

ADD_SUBDIRECTORY(efiXplorer)
ADD_SUBDIRECTORY(efiXloader)
}
```

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```
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```

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```
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may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with
the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Lesser General
Public License instead of this License. But first, please read
<https://www.gnu.org/licenses/why-not-lgpl.html>.
}
```

## **build.py**

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3

import os
import subprocess
```

```

import click

@click.group()
def cli():
    pass

@click.command()
@click.option(
    "--hexrays_sdk",
    "hexrays_sdk",
    type=str,
    default=str(),
    help="path to hexrays_sdk directory",
)
@click.argument("idasdk")
def build_plugin(idasdk: str, hexrays_sdk: str):
    """Build efiXplorer plugin"""

    os.chdir("efiXplorer")

    if not os.path.isdir("build"):
        os.mkdir("build")

    os.chdir("build")

    command = ["cmake", "..", f"-DIdaSdk_ROOT_DIR={idasdk}"]
    if hexrays_sdk:
        print("[INFO] HexRays analysis will be enabled")
        command.append(f"-DHexRaysSdk_ROOT_DIR={hexrays_sdk}")
    subprocess.call(command)
    subprocess.call(["cmake", "--build", ".", "--config", "Release", "--parallel"])

@click.command()
@click.argument("idasdk")
def build_loader(idasdk: str):
    """Build efiXloader"""

    os.chdir("efiXloader")

    if not os.path.isdir("build"):
        os.mkdir("build")

    os.chdir("build")

    command = ["cmake", "..", f"-DIdaSdk_ROOT_DIR={idasdk}"]
    subprocess.call(command)
    subprocess.call(["cmake", "--build", ".", "--config", "Release", "--parallel"])

@click.command()
@click.option(
    "--hexrays_sdk",
    "hexrays_sdk",
    type=str,
    default=str(),
    help="path to hexrays_sdk directory",
)
@click.argument("idasdk")
def build_everything(idasdk: str, hexrays_sdk: str):
    """Build plugin (efiXplorer) and loader (efiXloader)"""

```

```

if not os.path.isdir("build"):
    os.mkdir("build")

os.chdir("build")

command = ["cmake", "..", f"-DIdaSdk_ROOT_DIR={idasdk}"]
if hexrays_sdk:
    print("[INFO] HexRays analysis will be enabled")
    command.append(f"-DHexRaysSdk_ROOT_DIR={hexrays_sdk}")
subprocess.call(command)
subprocess.call(["cmake", "--build", ".", "--config", "Release", "--parallel"])

cli.add_command(build_plugin)
cli.add_command(build_loader)
cli.add_command(build_everything)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    cli()
}

```

## Chapter 1.0.0

### **efiXloader**

#### **efiXloader/CMakeLists.txt**

```

cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.7)

project(efiXloader)

set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD 17)
set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD_REQUIRED ON)
set(CMAKE_EXPORT_COMPILE_COMMANDS ON)

if(APPLE)
    # to build Mach-O universal binaries with 2 architectures
    set(CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS "${CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS} -fPIC -arch x86_64 -arch arm64")
    set(CMAKE_C_FLAGS "${CMAKE_C_FLAGS} -fPIC -arch x86_64 -arch arm64")
else()
    set(CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS "${CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS} -fPIC")
endif()

if(CMAKE_CXX_COMPILER_ID MATCHES "Clang")
    set(CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS
        "${CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS} -Wno-nullability-completeness -Wno-varargs")
endif()

list(APPEND CMAKE_MODULE_PATH ${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR}/../cmake)

find_package(IdaSdk REQUIRED)

include_directories(${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR}/../efiXplorer/3rd/nlohmann_json)

```



```

file(
  GLOB
  uefifool_src
  "3rd/uefifool/common/*.h"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/*.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/*.cpp"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/LZMA/*.cpp"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/LZMA/*.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/LZMA/*.h"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/LZMA/SDK/C/*.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/LZMA/SDK/C/*.cpp"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/LZMA/SDK/C/*.h"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/Tiano/*.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/Tiano/*.cpp"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/Tiano/*.h"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/bstplib/*.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/bstplib/*.cpp"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/bstplib/*.h"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/digest/sha1.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/digest/sha256.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/digest/sha512.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/digest/sm3.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/zlib/*.c"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/zlib/*.cpp"
  "3rd/uefifool/common/zlib/*.h"
  "3rd/uefifool/version.h"
  "3rd/uefifool/ffsdumper.cpp"
  "3rd/uefifool/ffsdumper.h"
  "3rd/uefifool/uefidump.cpp"
  "3rd/uefifool/uefidump.h")

# efiLoader sources
file(GLOB efiloader_src "*.cc" "*.h")

add_ida_loader(efiXloader NOEA32 ${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR}/efi_loader.cc)

set_ida_target_properties(efiXloader PROPERTIES CXX_STANDARD 17)
ida_target_include_directories(efiXloader PRIVATE ${IdaSdk_INCLUDE_DIRS})

add_ida_library(efiXloader_lib ${efiloader_src} ${uefifool_src} uefifool.cc
  uefifool.h)
ida_target_link_libraries(efiXloader efiXloader_lib)
}

```

## efiXloader/efi\_loader.h

```

/*
 * efiXloader
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly
 *
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 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
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```

```
*
* You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
* along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
*
*/
```

```
#pragma once
```

```
#include <vector>
```

```
#include "ida_core.h"
#include "pe.h"
#include "pe_manager.h"
#include "uefitool.h"
```

```
extern loader_t LDSC;
```

```
//-----
// definitions
//-----
```

```
void idaapi load_binary(const char *fname);
void idaapi close_and_save_db(const char *fname);
void idaapi reanalyse_all(void);
void idaapi wait(void);
void idaapi idb_to_asm(const char *fname);
void idaapi clean_db(void);
```

```
void idaapi efi_til_init();
```

```
class Ui {
public:
    Ui() { ; }
    int ask_for_single_image();
};
```

```
class driver_chooser_t : public chooser_t {
protected:
    static const int widths_drivers[];
    static const char *const drivers_headers[];
```

```
public:
    /* remember the addresses in this QVector */
    QVector<QString> drivers_names;

    /* this object must be allocated using `new` */
    driver_chooser_t(const char *title, bool ok,
                    std::vector<efiloader::File *> drivers);
```

```
/* function that is used to decide whether a new chooser should be opened or
 * we can use the existing one. The contents of the window are completely
 * determined by its title */
```

```
virtual const void *get_obj_id(size_t *len) const {
    *len = strlen(title);
    return title;
}
```

```
/* function that returns number of lines in the list */
virtual size_t idaapi get_count() const { return drivers_names.size(); }
```

```
/* function that generates the list line */
virtual void idaapi get_row(QStrVec_t *cols, int *icon_,
                           chooser_item_attrs_t *attrs, size_t n) const;
```

```

/* function that is called when the user hits Enter */
virtual cbret_t idaapi enter(size_t n) {
    if (n < drivers_names.size()) {
        // jumpto(list[n]);
    }
    return cbret_t();
}

protected:
void build_list(bool ok, std::vector<efiloader::File *> files) {
    size_t n = 0;
    for (auto file : files) {
        drivers_names.push_back(qstring(file->qname));
        n++;
    }
    ok = true;
}
};
}

```

## efiXloader/ida\_core.h

```

/*
 * efiXloader
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 *
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 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
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 *
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 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 *
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
 */

#pragma once

#define USE_STANDARD_FILE_FUNCTIONS 1

#include <fpro.h>
#include <pro.h>

#include <auto.hpp>
#include <bytes.hpp>
#include <diskio.hpp>
#include <entry.hpp>
#include <fixup.hpp>
#include <ida.hpp>
#include <idp.hpp>
#include <kernwin.hpp>
#include <loader.hpp>
#include <name.hpp>
#include <offset.hpp>
#include <segment.hpp>

```

```

#include <segregs.hpp>

//-----

#define CLASS_CODE "CODE"
#define NAME_CODE ".text"
#define CLASS_DATA "DATA"
#define CLASS_CONST "CONST"
#define NAME_DATA ".data"
#define CLASS_BSS "BSS"
#define NAME_BSS ".bss"
#define NAME_EXTERN "extern"
#define NAME_COMMON "common"
#define NAME_ABS "abs"
#define NAME_UNDEF "UNDEF"
#define CLASS_STACK "STACK"
#define CLASS_RES16 "RESOURCE"
#define LDR_NODE "$ IDALDR node for ids loading $"
#define LDR_INFO_NODE "$ IDALDR node for unload $"

//-----
template <class T>
bool _validate_array_count(linput_t *li, T *p_cnt, size_t elsize,
                           int64 current_offset = -1, int64 max_offset = -1) {
    if (current_offset == -1)
        current_offset = qltell(li);
    if (max_offset == -1)
        max_offset = qlsize(li);
    int64 rest = max_offset - current_offset;
    T cnt = *p_cnt;
    if (current_offset >= 0 && rest >= 0) {
#ifdef __X86__
        typedef size_t biggest_t;
#else
        typedef ea_t biggest_t;
#endif
        if (is_mul_ok<biggest_t>(elsize, cnt)) {
            biggest_t needed = elsize * cnt;
#ifdef __X86__
            if (needed == size_t(needed))
#endif
                if (rest >= needed)
                    return true; // all ok
        }
        cnt = rest / elsize;
    } else {
        cnt = 0;
    }
    *p_cnt = cnt;
    return false;
}

//-----
// Validate a counter taken from the input file. If there are not enough bytes
// in the input file, ask the user if we may continue and fix the counter.
template <class T>
void validate_array_count(linput_t *li, T *p_cnt, size_t elsize,
                          const char *counter_name, int64 curoff = -1,
                          int64 maxoff = -1) {
    T old = *p_cnt;
    if (!_validate_array_count(li, p_cnt, elsize, curoff, maxoff)) {
        static const char *const format =
            "AUTOHIDE SESSION\n"
            "HIDECANCEL\n"

```

```

        "%s %" FMT_64 "u is incorrect, maximum possible value is %" FMT_64
        "u%s";
#ifdef __KERNEL__
    if (ask_yn(ASKBTN_YES, format, counter_name, static_cast<uint64>(old),
              static_cast<uint64>(*p_cnt),
              ". Do you want to continue with the new value?") != ASKBTN_YES) {
        loader_failure(NULL);
    }
#else
    warning(format, counter_name, static_cast<uint64>(old),
            static_cast<uint64>(*p_cnt), "");
#endif
    }
}

//-----
// Validate a counter taken from the input file. If there are not enough bytes
// in the input file, die.
template <class T>
void validate_array_count_or_die(linput_t *li, T cnt, size_t elsize,
                                const char *counter_name, int64 curoff = -1,
                                int64 maxoff = -1) {
    if (!_validate_array_count(li, &cnt, elsize, curoff, maxoff)) {
        static const char *const format =
            "%s is incorrect, maximum possible value is %u%s";
#ifdef __KERNEL__
            loader_failure(format, counter_name, uint(cnt), "");
#else
            error(format, counter_name, uint(cnt), "");
#endif
    }
}

//-----
inline uchar readchar(linput_t *li) {
    uchar x;
    lread(li, &x, sizeof(x));
    return x;
}

//-----
inline uint16 readshort(linput_t *li) {
    uint16 x;
    lread(li, &x, sizeof(x));
    return x;
}

//-----
inline uint32 readlong(linput_t *li) {
    uint32 x;
    lread(li, &x, sizeof(x));
    return x;
}

inline uint32 mf_readlong(linput_t *li) { return swap32(readlong(li)); }
inline uint16 mf_readshort(linput_t *li) { return swap16(readshort(li)); }
}

```

```

/*
 * efiXloader
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly
 *
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
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 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 *
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
 */

```

```
#pragma once
```

```
#include <string>
```

```
#include "ida_core.h"
```

```
#include "pe_ida.h"
```

```
#include "utils.h"
```

```
#include <typeinf.hpp>
```

```
#define PAGE_SIZE 0x1000
```

```
#define MZ_SIGN 0x5A4D // MZ header
```

```
#define MAGIC_P32 0x10B // Normal PE file
```

```
#define MAGIC_P32_PLUS 0x20B // 64-bit image
```

```
#define PE_SIGN 0x4550 // PE signature
```

```
namespace efiloader {
```

```
class PE {
```

```
public:
```

```
    PE(linut_t *i_li, std::basic_string<char> fname, ea_t *base,
        ushort *sel_base, int ord, uint16_t mt) {
```

```
        _image_name = fname.substr(fname.find_last_of("/") + 1);
```

```
        msg("[efiXloader] image name is %s\n", _image_name.c_str());
```

```
        pe_base = base;
```

```
        pe_sel_base = sel_base;
```

```
        li = i_li;
```

```
        utils = new Utils;
```

```
        _sec_off = 0;
```

```
        _sec_ea = 0;
```

```
        _sel = 0;
```

```
        _ord = ord;
```

```
        inf_set_64bit();
```

```
        if (mt == PECPU_ARM64) {
```

```
            set_processor_type("arm", SETPROC_LOADER);
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            set_processor_type("metapc", SETPROC_LOADER);
```

```
        }
```

```
        cm_t cm = inf_get_cc_cm() & ~CM_MASK;
```

```
        inf_set_cc_cm(cm | CM_N64);
```

```
        if (default_compiler() == COMP_UNK) {
```

```
            set_compiler_id(COMP_MS);
```

```
        }
```

```
        reset();
```

```

};
~PE() {
    close_lininput(li);
    delete utils;
}
uint32_t number_of_sections;
uint32_t number_of_dirs;
char *name;
bool is_reloc_dir(uint32_t i) { return i == 5; }
bool is_debug_dir(uint32_t i) { return i == 6; }
void set_64_bit_segm_and_rabase(ea_t ea) {
    segment_t *tmp_seg = getseg(ea);
    set_segm_addressing(tmp_seg, 2);
    set_segm_base(tmp_seg, *pe_base);
}
void set_64_bit(ea_t ea) {
    segment_t *tmp_seg = getseg(ea);
    set_segm_addressing(tmp_seg, 2);
}
bool is_p32();
bool is_p32_plus();
bool is_pe();
bool good();
bool process();
uint16_t arch();
// data processing
inline size_t make_named_byte(ea_t ea, const char *name,
                              const char *extra = NULL, size_t count = 1);
inline size_t make_named_word(ea_t ea, const char *name,
                              const char *extra = NULL, size_t count = 1);
inline size_t make_named_dword(ea_t ea, const char *name,
                              const char *extra = NULL, size_t count = 1);
inline size_t make_named_qword(ea_t ea, const char *name,
                              const char *extra = NULL, size_t count = 1);
inline ea_t skip(ea_t ea, qoff64_t off) { return ea + off; }
// ida db processing
void push_to_idb(ea_t start, ea_t end) {
    // Map header
    file2base(li, 0x0, start, start + headers_size, FILEREG_PATCHABLE);
    // Map sections
    for (int i = 0; i < number_of_sections; i++) {
        file2base(li, _sec_headers[i].s_scnptr, start + _sec_headers[i].s_vaddr,
                 start + _sec_headers[i].s_vaddr + _sec_headers[i].s_psize,
                 FILEREG_PATCHABLE);
    }
}
}
}

```

private:

```

qvector<ea_t> segments_ea;
std::basic_string<char> _full_path;
std::basic_string<char> _image_name;
efi_loader::Utils *utils;
lininput_t *li;
qoff64_t head_start();
qoff64_t head_off;
qoff64_t _pe_header_off;
uint16_t headers_size;
peheader_t pe;
peheader64_t pe64;
uint16_t _sec_num;
uint16_t _bits;
qvector<sel_t> selectors;
qvector<sel_t> data_selectors;
qvector<qstring> ds_seg_names;

```



```

qvector<qstring> cs_seg_names;
void reset() { qlseek(li, 0); }
const char *_machine_name();
//
// PE image preprocessing
//
void preprocess();
//
// sections processing
//
qvector<pesection_t> _sec_headers;
ea_t *pe_base;
ushort *pe_sel_base;
ushort _sel;
ea_t _sec_off;
ea_t _sec_ea;
// pe ord
uval_t _ord;
ea_t image_base;
uint32_t image_size;
qvector<size_t> segm_sizes;
qvector<size_t> segm_raw_sizes;
qvector<ea_t> segm_entries;

int preprocess_sections();
//
// functions processing
//
void make_entry(ea_t ea);
void make_code(ea_t ea);
//
// segments processing
//
qstring code_segm_name;
qstring data_segm_name;
sel_t data_segment_sel;
qvector<segment_t *> segments;
qvector<qstring> segm_names;
qvector<qstring> secs_names;
ea_t process_section_entry(ea_t ea);
segment_t *make_generic_segment(ea_t seg_ea, ea_t seg_ea_end,
                                const char *section_name, uint32_t flags);
segment_t *make_head_segment(ea_t start, ea_t end, const char *name);
void setup_ds_selector();
};
} // namespace efiloader

enum MachineType { AMD64 = 0x8664, I386 = 0x014C, AARCH64 = 0xaa64 };
}

```

## efiXloader/pe\_ida.h

```

/*
 * efiXloader
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly
 *
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 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
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 * (at your option) any later version.

```

```
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* MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
* GNU General Public License for more details.
*
* You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
* along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
*
*/
```

```
#pragma once
```

```
#include <stddef.h>
#include <time.h>
```

```
#include "ida_core.h"
```

```
#pragma pack(push, 1)
```

```
//-----
//
// 32-bit Portable EXE Header
//
//-----
```

```
struct petab_t {
    uint32 rva; // relative virtual address
    uint32 size; // size
}; // PE va/size array element
```

```
template <class pointer_t> struct peheader_tpl {
    int32 signature; // 00 Current value is "PE/0/0".
```

```
#define PEEXE_ID 0x4550 // 'PE' followed by two zeroes
```

```
#define BPEEXE_ID 0x455042 // Borland's extension for DPAPI/host
```

```
#define PLEXE_ID
```

```
    0x4C50 // 'PL', PharLap TNT DOS-Extender Lite file that uses real mode APIs
```

```
#define TEEXE_ID 0x5A56 // 'VZ', EFI Terse Executable
```

```
    uint16 machine; // 04 This field specifies the type of CPU
// compatibility required by this image to run.
// The values are:
```

```
#define PECPU_UNKNOWN 0x0000 // unknown
```

```
#define PECPU_80386 0x014C // 80386
```

```
#define PECPU_80486 0x014D // 80486
```

```
#define PECPU_80586 0x014E // 80586
```

```
#define PECPU_R3000 0x0162 // MIPS Mark I (R2000, R3000)
```

```
#define PECPU_R6000 0x0163 // MIPS Mark II (R6000)
```

```
#define PECPU_R4000 0x0166 // MIPS Mark III (R4000)
```

```
#define PECPU_R10000 0x0168 // MIPS Mark IV (R10000)
```

```
#define PECPU_WCEMIPSv2 0x0169 // MIPS little-endian WCE v2
```

```
#define PECPU_MIPS16 0x0266 // MIPS16
```

```
#define PECPU_MIPSFPU 0x0366 // MIPS with FPU
```

```
#define PECPU_MIPSFPU16 0x0466 // MIPS16 with FPU
```

```
#define PECPU_ALPHA 0x0184 // DEC Alpha
```

```
#define PECPU_ALPHA64 0x0284 // Dec Alpha 64-bit
```

```
#define PECPU_SH3 0x01A2 // SH3
```

```
#define PECPU_SH3DSP 0x01A3 // SH3DSP
```

```
#define PECPU_SH3E 0x01A4 // SH3E
```

```
#define PECPU_SH4 0x01A6 // SH4
```

```
#define PECPU_SH5 0x01A8 // SH5
```

```

#define PECPU_ARM 0x01C0 // ARM
#define PECPU_ARMI 0x01C2 // ARM with Thumb
#define PECPU_ARMV7 0x01C4 // ARMv7 (or higher) Thumb mode only

#define PECPU_AM33 0x01D3 // Matsushita (Panasonic) AM33/MN10300

#define PECPU_PPC 0x01F0 // PowerPC
#define PECPU_PPCFP 0x01F1 // PowerPC with floating-point
#define PECPU_PPCBE 0x01F2 // PowerPC Big-Endian

#define PECPU_M32R 0x9041 // M32R little-endian

#define PECPU_IA64 0x0200 // Intel Itanium IA64
#define PECPU_EPOC 0x0A00 // ARM EPOC
#define PECPU_AMD64 0x8664 // AMD64 (x64)
#define PECPU_ARM64 0xaa64 // ARMv8 in 64-bit mode
#define PECPU_M68K 0x0268 // Motorola 68000 series
#define PECPU_EBC 0x0EBC // EFI Bytecode
#define PECPU_CEF 0x0CEF // ?
#define PECPU_CEE 0xC0EE // ?
#define PECPU_TRICORE 0x0520 // TRICORE (Infineon)

bool is_64bit_cpu(void) const {
    return machine == PECPU_AMD64 || machine == PECPU_IA64 ||
        machine == PECPU_ARM64;
}
bool is_pc(void) const {
    return machine == PECPU_80386 || machine == PECPU_80486 ||
        machine == PECPU_80586 || machine == PECPU_AMD64;
}
bool is_mips(void) const {
    return machine == PECPU_R3000 || machine == PECPU_R6000 ||
        machine == PECPU_R4000 || machine == PECPU_R10000 ||
        machine == PECPU_WCEMIPSV2 || machine == PECPU_MIPS16 ||
        machine == PECPU_MIPSFPU || machine == PECPU_MIPSFPU16;
}

bool is_arm(void) const {
    return machine == PECPU_ARM || machine == PECPU_ARMI ||
        machine == PECPU_ARMV7;
}

bool has_code16_bit(void) const { return is_arm() || is_mips(); }

uint16 nobjs; // 06 This field specifies the number of entries
// in the Object Table.
qtime32_t datetime; // 08 Used to store the time and date the file was
// created or modified by the linker.
uint32 symtof; // 0C Symbol Table Offset
uint32 nsyms; // 10 Number of Symbols in Symbol Table
uint16 hdrsize; // 14 This is the number of remaining bytes in the NT
// header that follow the FLAGS field.
uint16 flags; // 16 Flag bits for the image. 0000h Program image.
#define PEF_BRVHI 0x8000 // Big endian: MSB precedes LSB in memory
#define PEF_UP 0x4000 // File should be run only on a UP machine
#define PEF_DLL 0x2000 // Dynamic Link Library (DLL)
#define PEF_SYS 0x1000 // System file
#define PEF_NSXAP 0x0800 // If the image is on network media, fully load it and copy it to the
// swap file.
#define PEF_SWXAP 0x0400 // If image is on removable media,
// copy and run from swap file
#define PEF_NODEB 0x0200 // Debugging info stripped

```

```

#define PEF_32BIT 0x0100 // 32-bit word machine
#define PEF_BRVLO 0x0080 // Little endian: LSB precedes MSB in memory
#define PEF_16BIT 0x0040 // 16-bit word machine
#define PEF_2GB 0x0020 // App can handle > 2gb addresses
#define PEF_TMWKS 0x0010 // Aggressively trim working set
#define PEF_NOSYM 0x0008 // Local symbols stripped
#define PEF_NOLIN 0x0004 // Line numbers stripped
#define PEF_EXEC 0x0002 // Image is executable
#define PEF_NOFIX 0x0001 // Relocation info stripped

int32 first_section_pos(int32 peoff) const {
    return peoff + offsetof(peheader_tpl, magic) + hdrsize;
}

// COFF fields:

uint16 magic; // 18 Magic
#define MAGIC_ROM 0x107 // ROM image
#define MAGIC_P32 0x10B // Normal PE file
#define MAGIC_P32_PLUS 0x20B // 64-bit image
bool is_pe_plus(void) const { return magic == MAGIC_P32_PLUS; }
uchar vstamp_major; // 1A Major Linker Version
uchar vstamp_minor; // 1B Minor Linker Version
uint32 tsize; // 1C TEXT size (padded)
uint32 dsize; // 20 DATA size (padded)
uint32 bsize; // 24 BSS size (padded)
uint32 entry; // 28 Entry point
uint32 text_start; // 2C Base of text
union {
    struct {
        uint32 data_start; // 30 Base of data

        // Win32/NT extensions:

        uint32 imagebase32; // 34 Virtual base of the image.
    };
    uint64 imagebase64;
};
uint64 imagebase() const {
    if (is_pe_plus())
        return imagebase64;
    else
        return imagebase32;
}
// This will be the virtual address of the first
// byte of the file (Dos Header). This must be
// a multiple of 64K.
uint32 objalign; // 38 The alignment of the objects. This must be a power
// of 2 between 512 and 256M inclusive. The default
// is 64K.
uint32 filealign; // 3C Alignment factor used to align image pages.
// The alignment factor (in bytes) used to align the
// base of the image pages and to determine the
// granularity of per-object trailing zero pad.
// Larger alignment factors will cost more file space;
// smaller alignment factors will impact demand load
// performance, perhaps significantly. Of the two,
// wasting file space is preferable. This value
// should be a power of 2 between 512 and 64K inclusive.
// Get the file position aligned:

#define FILEALIGN
512 // IDA5.1: it seems that for standard object alignment (if 4096)
// the Windows kernel does not use filealign
// (just checks that it is in the valid range) but uses 512

```

```

uint32 get_align_mask(void) const {
    return ((objalign == 4096 || filealign == 0) ? FILEALIGN : filealign) - 1;
}
uint32 align_up_in_file(uint32 pos) const {
    if (is_efi()) // apparently EFI images are not aligned
        return pos;
    uint32 mask = get_align_mask();
    return (pos + mask) & ~mask;
}
uint32 align_down_in_file(uint32 pos) const {
    return is_efi() ? pos : (pos & ~get_align_mask());
}
uint16 osmajor; // 40 OS version number required to run this image.
uint16 osminor; // 42 OS version number required to run this image.
uint16 imagemajor; // 44 User major version number.
uint16 imageminor; // 46 User minor version number.
uint16 subsystemmajor; // 48 Subsystem major version number.
uint16 subsystemminor; // 4A Subsystem minor version number.

uint32 subsystem_version(void) const {
    return (subsystemmajor << 16) | subsystemminor;
}

uint32 reserved; // 4C
uint32 imagesize; // 50 The virtual size (in bytes) of the image.
// This includes all headers. The total image size
// must be a multiple of Object Align.
uint32 allhdrsize; // 54 Total header size. The combined size of the Dos
// Header, PE Header and Object Table.
uint32 checksum; // 58 Checksum for entire file. Set to 0 by the linker.
uint16 subsys; // 5C NT Subsystem required to run this image.
#define PES_UNKNOWN 0x0000 // Unknown
#define PES_NATIVE 0x0001 // Native
#define PES_WINGUI 0x0002 // Windows GUI
#define PES_WINCHAR 0x0003 // Windows Character
#define PES_OS2CHAR 0x0005 // OS/2 Character
#define PES_POSIX 0x0007 // Posix Character
#define PES_NAT9x 0x0008 // image is a native Win9x driver
#define PES_WINCE 0x0009 // Runs on Windows CE.
#define PES_EFI_APP 0x000A // EFI application.
#define PES_EFI_BDV 0x000B // EFI driver that provides boot services.
#define PES_EFI_RDV 0x000C // EFI driver that provides runtime services.
#define PES_EFI_ROM 0x000D // EFI ROM image
#define PES_XBOX 0x000E // Xbox system
#define PES_BOOTAPP 0x0010 // Windows Boot Application

bool is_efi(void) const {
    return subsys == PES_EFI_APP || subsys == PES_EFI_BDV ||
        subsys == PES_EFI_RDV || subsys == PES_EFI_ROM;
}
bool is_console_app(void) const {
    return subsys == PES_WINCHAR || subsys == PES_OS2CHAR ||
        subsys == PES_POSIX;
}
bool is_userland(void) const {
    return subsys == PES_WINGUI || subsys == PES_WINCHAR ||
        subsys == PES_OS2CHAR || subsys == PES_POSIX || subsys == PES_WINCE;
}
uint16 dllflags; // 5E Indicates special loader requirements.
#define PEL_PINIT 0x0001 // Per-Process Library Initialization.
#define PEL_PTERM 0x0002 // Per-Process Library Termination.
#define PEL_TINIT 0x0004 // Per-Thread Library Initialization.
#define PEL_TTERM 0x0008 // Per-Thread Library Termination.
#define PEL_HIGH_ENT

```

```

0x0020 // Image can handle a high entropy 64-bit virtual address space.
#define PEL_DYNAMIC_BASE 0x0040 // The DLL can be relocated at load time.
#define PEL_FORCE_INTEGRITY 0x0080 // Code integrity checks are forced.
#define PEF_NX \
    0x0100 // The image is compatible with data execution prevention (DEP).
#define PEF_NO_ISOLATION \
    0x0200 // The image is isolation aware, but should not be isolated.
#define PEF_NO_SEH \
    0x0400 // The image does not use structured exception handling (SEH). No
// handlers can be called in this image.
#define PEL_NO_BIND 0x0800 // Do not bind image
#define PEL_APPCONTAINER 0x1000 // Image should execute in an AppContainer
#define PEL_WDM_DRV 0x2000 // Driver is a WDM Driver
#define PEL_GUARDCFG 0x4000 // Image supports Control Flow Guard checking
#define PEL_TSRVAVA 0x8000 // Image is Terminal Server aware

```

```

pointer_t stackres; // 60 Stack size needed for image. The memory is
// reserved, but only the STACK COMMIT SIZE is
// committed. The next page of the stack is a
// 'guarded page'. When the application hits the
// guarded page, the guarded page becomes valid,
// and the next page becomes the guarded page.
// This continues until the RESERVE SIZE is reached.
pointer_t stackcom; // 64 Stack commit size.
pointer_t heapres; // 68 Size of local heap to reserve.
pointer_t heapcom; // 6C Amount to commit in local heap.
uint32 loaderflags; // 70 ?
uint32 nrvas; // 74 Indicates the size of the VA/SIZE array
// that follows.
petab_t expdir; // 0 78 Export Directory
petab_t impdir; // 1 80 Import Directory
petab_t resdir; // 2 88 Resource Directory
petab_t excdir; // 3 90 Exception Directory
petab_t secdir; // 4 98 Security Directory
// The Certificate Table entry points to a table of
// attribute certificates. These certificates are not
// loaded into memory as part of the image. As such,
// the first field of this entry, which is normally
// an RVA, is a File Pointer instead
petab_t reltab; // 5 A0 Relocation Table
petab_t debdir; // 6 A8 Debug Directory
petab_t desstr; // 7 B0 Description String
petab_t cputab; // 8 B8 Machine Value
petab_t tlkdir; // 9 C0 TLS Directory
petab_t loddir; // 10 Load Configuration Directory
petab_t bimtab; // 11 Bound Import Table address and size.
petab_t iat; // 12 Import Address Table address and size.
petab_t didtab; // 13 Address and size of the Delay Import Descriptor.
petab_t comhdr; // 14 COM+ Runtime Header address and size
petab_t x00tab; // 15 Reserved

```

```

bool is_te() const { return signature == TEEEXE_ID; }
inline bool has_debdir() const;
};

```

```

typedef peheader_tpl<uint32> peheader_t;
typedef peheader_tpl<uint64> peheader64_t;

```

```

const size_t total_rvatab_size =
    sizeof(peheader_t) - offsetof(peheader_t, expdir);
const size_t total_rvatab_count = total_rvatab_size / sizeof(petab_t);

```

```

//-----
struct diheader_t {

```

```

uint16 signature; // 00 Current value is "DI"
#define DBG_ID 0x4944
uint16 flags2; // 02 ?? pedump mentions about this
// I've never seen something other than 0
uint16 machine; // 04 This field specifies the type of CPU
// compatibility required by this image to run.
uint16 flags; // 06 Flag bits for the image.
qtime32_t datetime; // 08 Used to store the time and date the file was
// created or modified by the linker.
uint32 checksum; // 12 Checksum
uint32 imagebase; // 16 Virtual base of the image.
// This will be the virtual address of the first
// byte of the file (Dos Header). This must be
// a multiple of 64K.
uint32 imagesize; // 20 The virtual size (in bytes) of the image.
// This includes all headers. The total image size
// must be a multiple of Object Align.
uint32 n_secs; // 24 Number of sections
uint32 exp_name_size; // 28 Exported Names Size
uint32 dbg_dir_size; // 32 Debug Directory Size
uint32 reserved[3]; // 36 Reserved fields
};

//-----
//
// S E C T I O N S
//
struct pesection_t {
    char s_name[8]; /* section name */
    uint32 s_vsize; /* virtual size */
    uint32 s_vaddr; /* virtual address */
    uint32 s_psize; /* physical size */
    int32 s_scpntr; /* file ptr to raw data for section */
    int32 s_relptr; /* file ptr to relocation */
    int32 s_lnnoptr; /* file ptr to line numbers */
    uint16 s_nreloc; /* number of relocation entries */
    uint16 s_nlnno; /* number of line number entries */
    int32 s_flags; /* flags */
#define PEST_REG 0x00000000 // obsolete: regular: allocated, relocated, loaded
#define PEST_DUMMY 0x00000001 // obsolete: dummy: not allocated, relocated, not loaded
#define PEST_NOLOAD 0x00000002 // obsolete: noload: allocated, relocated, not loaded
#define PEST_GROUP 0x00000004 // obsolete: grouped: formed of input sections
#define PEST_PAD 0x00000008 // obsolete: padding: not allocated, not relocated, loaded
#define PEST_COPY 0x00000010 // obsolete: copy: for decision function used
// by field update; not
// allocated, not relocated,
// loaded; reloc & lineno
// entries processed normally */
#define PEST_TEXT 0x00000020L // section contains text only
#define PEST_DATA 0x00000040L // section contains data only
#define PEST_BSS 0x00000080L // section contains bss only
#define PEST_EXCEPT 0x00000100L // obsolete: Exception section
#define PEST_INFO 0x00000200L // Comment: not allocated, not relocated, not loaded
#define PEST_OVER 0x00000400L // obsolete: Overlay: not allocated, relocated, not loaded
#define PEST_LIB 0x00000800L // ".lib" section: treated like PEST_INFO

#define PEST_LOADER 0x00001000L // Loader section: COMDAT
#define PEST_DEBUG 0x00002000L // Debug section:

```



```

#define PEST_TYPCCHK 0x00004000L // Type check section:
#define PEST_OVRFLO 0x00008000L // obsolete: RLD and line number overflow sec hdr
#define PEST_F0000 0x000F0000L // Unknown
#define PEST_ALIGN 0x00F00000L // Alignment 2^(x-1):
    uint32 get_sect_alignment(void) const {
        int align = ((s_flags >> 20) & 15);
        return align == 0 ? 0 : (1 << (align - 1));
    }

    asize_t get_vsize(const peheader_t &pe) const {
        return align_up(s_vsize ? s_vsize : s_psize, pe.objalign ? pe.objalign : 1);
    }

    asize_t get_psize(const peheader_t &pe) const {
        return qmin(s_psize, get_vsize(pe));
    }

#define PEST_1000000 0x01000000L // Unknown
#define PEST_DISCARD 0x02000000L // Discardable
#define PEST_NOCACHE 0x04000000L // Not cachable
#define PEST_NOPAGE 0x08000000L // Not pageable
#define PEST_SHARED 0x10000000L // Shareable
#define PEST_EXEC 0x20000000L // Executable
#define PEST_READ 0x40000000L // Readable
#define PEST_WRITE 0x80000000L // Writable
};

//-----
//
//      E X P O R T S
//
struct peexpdir_t {
    uint32 flags; // Currently set to zero.
    qtime32_t datetime; // Time/Date the export data was created.
    uint16 major; // A user settable major/minor version number.
    uint16 minor;
    uint32 dllname; // Relative Virtual Address of the Dll asciiz Name.
    // This is the address relative to the Image Base.
    uint32 ordbase; // First valid exported ordinal. This field specifies
    // the starting ordinal number for the export
    // address table for this image. Normally set to 1.
    uint32 naddrs; // Indicates number of entries in the Export Address
    // Table.
    uint32 nnames; // This indicates the number of entries in the Name
    // Ptr Table (and parallel Ordinal Table).
    uint32 adrtab; // Relative Virtual Address of the Export Address
    // Table. This address is relative to the Image Base.
    uint32 namtab; // Relative Virtual Address of the Export Name Table
    // Pointers. This address is relative to the
    // beginning of the Image Base. This table is an
    // array of RVA's with # NAMES entries.
    uint32 ordtab; // Relative Virtual Address of Export Ordinals
    // Table Entry. This address is relative to the
    // beginning of the Image Base.
};

//-----
//
//      I M P O R T S
//
struct peimpdir_t {
    uint32 table1; // aka OriginalFirstThunk
    qtime32_t datetime; // Time/Date the import data was pre-snapped or

```

```

// zero if not pre-snapped.
uint32 fchain; // Forwarder chain
uint32 dllname; // Relative Virtual Address of the Dll asciiz Name.
// This is the address relative to the Image Base.
uint32 looktab; // aka FirstThunk
                // This field contains the address of the start of
                // the import lookup table for this image. The address
                // is relative to the beginning of the Image Base.
#define hibit(type) ((type(-1) >> 1) ^ type(-1))
#define IMP_BY_ORD32 hibit(uint32) // Import by ordinal, otherwise by name
#define IMP_BY_ORD64 hibit(uint64) // Import by ordinal, otherwise by name

    peimpdir_t(void) { memset(this, 0, sizeof(peimpdir_t)); }
};

// delayed load import table
struct dimpdir_t {
    uint32 attrs; // Attributes.
#define DIMP_NOBASE 0x0001 // pe.imagebase was not added to addresses
    uint32 dllname; // Relative virtual address of the name of the DLL
                // to be loaded. The name resides in the read-only
                // data section of the image.
    uint32 handle; // Relative virtual address of the module handle
                // (in the data section of the image) of the DLL to
                // be delay-loaded. Used for storage by the routine
                // supplied to manage delay-loading.
    uint32 diat; // Relative virtual address of the delay-load import
                // address table. See below for further details.
    uint32 dint; // Relative virtual address of the delay-load name
                // table, which contains the names of the imports
                // that may need to be loaded. Matches the layout of
                // the Import Name Table, Section 6.4.3. Hint/Name Table.
    uint32 dbiat; // Bound Delay Import Table. Relative virtual address
                // of the bound delay-load address table, if it exists.
    uint32 duiat; // Unload Delay Import Table. Relative virtual address
                // of the unload delay-load address table, if it exists.
                // This is an exact copy of the Delay Import Address
                // Table. In the event that the caller unloads the DLL,
                // this table should be copied back over the Delay IAT
                // such that subsequent calls to the DLL continue to
                // use the thunking mechanism correctly.
    qtime32_t datetime; // Time stamp of DLL to which this image has been bound.
};

// Bound Import Table format:

struct BOUND_IMPORT_DESCRIPTOR {
    qtime32_t TimeDateStamp;
    uint16 OffsetModuleName;
    uint16 NumberOfModuleForwarderRefs;
    // Array of zero or more IMAGE_BOUND_FORWARDER_REF follows
};

struct BOUND_FORWARDER_REF {
    qtime32_t TimeDateStamp;
    uint16 OffsetModuleName;
    uint16 Reserved;
};

//-----
//
//     T H R E A D   L O C A L   D A T A
//

```

```

struct image_tls_directory64 {
    uint64 StartAddressOfRawData;
    uint64 EndAddressOfRawData;
    uint64 AddressOfIndex;      // PDWORD
    uint64 AddressOfCallBcks; // PIMAGE_TLS_CALLBACK *;
    uint32 SizeOfZeroFill;
    uint32 Characteristics;
};

struct image_tls_directory32 {
    uint32 StartAddressOfRawData;
    uint32 EndAddressOfRawData;
    uint32 AddressOfIndex;      // PDWORD
    uint32 AddressOfCallBcks; // PIMAGE_TLS_CALLBACK *
    uint32 SizeOfZeroFill;
    uint32 Characteristics;
};

//-----
//
//      Exception Tables (.pdata)
//

// ARM, PowerPC, SH3 and SH4 WindowsCE platforms
struct function_entry_ce {
    uint32 FuncStart;          // Virtual address of the corresponding function.
    uint32 PrologLen : 8;      // Number of instructions in the function's prolog.
    uint32 FuncLen : 22;       // Number of instructions in the function.
    uint32 ThirtyTwoBit : 1;  // Set if the function is comprised of 32-bit
                               // instructions, cleared for a 16-bit function.
    uint32 ExceptionFlag : 1; // Set if an exception handler exists for the
                               // function.
};

// ARMv7
struct function_entry_armv7 {
    uint32 BeginAddress; // The RVA of the corresponding function
    uint32 UnwindInfo;   // The RVA of the unwind information, including function
                          // length.
                          // If the low 2 bits are non-zero, then this word
                          // represents a compacted inline form of the unwind
                          // information, including function length.
};

// for MIPS and 32-bit Alpha
struct function_entry_alpha {
    uint32 BeginAddress; // Virtual address of the corresponding function.
    uint32 EndAddress;   // Virtual address of the end of the function.
    uint32 ExceptionHandler; // Pointer to the exception handler to be executed.
    uint32 HandlerData; // Pointer to additional information to be passed to the
                        // handler.
    uint32 PrologEndAddress; // Virtual address of the end of the function's
                            // prolog.
};

// x64
typedef enum _UNWIND_OP_CODES {
    UWOP_PUSH_NONVOL = 0, // info == register number
    UWOP_ALLOC_LARGE = 1, // alloc size/8 in next 1(info=0) or 2(info=1) slots
    UWOP_ALLOC_SMALL = 2, // info == size of allocation / 8 - 1
    UWOP_SET_FPREG = 3,   // FP = RSP + UNWIND_INFO.FPRegOffset*16
    UWOP_SAVE_NONVOL = 4, // info == register number, offset/8 in next slot
    UWOP_SAVE_NONVOL_FAR = 5, // info == register number, offset/8 in next 2 slots
    UWOP_SAVE_XMM = 6, // Version 1: info == XMM reg number, offset/8 in next slot
};

```

```

UWOP_EPILOG = 6, // Version 2; code offset is epilog size;
UWOP_SAVE_XMM_FAR =
    7, // version 1:info == XMM reg number, offset/8 in next 2 slots
UWOP_SPARE_CODE =
    7, // unused ("previously 64-bit UWOP_SAVE_XMM_FAR"); skip 2 slots
UWOP_SAVE_XMM128 = 8, // info == XMM reg number, offset/16 in next slot
UWOP_SAVE_XMM128_FAR = 9, // info == XMM reg number, offset/16 in next 2 slots
UWOP_PUSH_MACHFRAME = 10, // info == 0: no error-code, 1: with error code
} UNWIND_CODE_OPS;

```

```

// Define unwind information flags.
//

```

```

#define UNW_FLAG_NHANDLER 0x0
#define UNW_FLAG_EHANDLER 0x1
#define UNW_FLAG_UHANDLER 0x2
#define UNW_FLAG_CHAININFO 0x4

```

```

//-----
//

```

```

//      F I X U P S
//

```

```

struct pefixup_t {
    uint32 page; // The image base plus the page rva is added to each offset
                // to create the virtual address of where the fixup needs to
                // be applied.
    uint32 size; // Number of bytes in the fixup block. This includes the
                // PAGE RVA and SIZE fields.
};

```

```

#define PER_OFF 0x0FFF
#define PER_TYPE 0xF000
#define PER_ABS 0x0000 // This is a NOP. The fixup is skipped.
#define PER_HIGH 0x1000 // Add the high 16-bits of the delta to the
// 16-bit field at Offset. The 16-bit field
// represents the high value of a 32-bit word.
#define PER_LOW 0x2000 // Add the low 16-bits of the delta to the
// 16-bit field at Offset. The 16-bit field
// represents the low half value of a
// 32-bit word. This fixup will only be
// emitted for a RISC machine when the image
// Object Align isn't the default of 64K.
#define PER_HIGHLOW 0x3000 // Apply the 32-bit delta to the 32-bit field
// at Offset.
#define PER_HIGHADJUST 0x4000 // This fixup requires a full 32-bit value.
// The high 16-bits is located at Offset, and
// the low 16-bits is located in the next
// Offset array element (this array element
// is included in the SIZE field). The two
// need to be combined into a signed variable.
// Add the 32-bit delta. Then add 0x8000 and
// store the high 16-bits of the signed
// variable to the 16-bit field at Offset.
#define PER_REL5000 0x5000 // Machine-specific
#define PER_SECTION 0x6000 // Reserved for future use
#define PER_REL32 0x7000 // Relative intrasection
#define PER_REL7000 0x7000 // Machine-specific
#define PER_REL8000 0x8000 // Machine-specific
#define PER_REL9000 0x9000 // Machine-specific
#define PER_DIR64 0xA000 // This fixup applies the delta to the 64-bit
// field at Offset
#define PER_HIGH3ADJ 0xB000 // The fixup adds the high 16 bits of the delta
// to the 16-bit field at Offset. The 16-bit
// field represents the high value of a 48-bit

```

```

// word. The low 32 bits of the 48-bit value are
// stored in the 32-bit word that follows this
// base relocation. This means that this base
// relocation occupies three slots.

// Platform-specific based relocation types.

#define PER_IA64_IMM64 0x9000

#define PER_MIPS_JMPADDR                                     \
    0x5000 // base relocation applies to a MIPS jump instruction.
#define PER_MIPS_JMPADDR16                                 \
    0x9000 // base relocation applies to a MIPS16 jump instruction.

#define PER_ARM_MOV32A 0x5000 // base relocation applies the difference to the
// 32-bit value encoded in the immediate fields of
// a contiguous MOVW+MOVT pair in ARM mode at offset.
#define PER_ARM_MOV32T 0x7000 // base relocation applies the difference to the
// 32-bit value encoded in the immediate fields of
// a contiguous MOVW+MOVT pair in Thumb mode at offset.

//-----
//
//      DBG file debug entry format
//
struct debug_entry_t {
    uint32 flags; // usually zero
    qtime32_t datetime;
    uint16 major;
    uint16 minor;
    int32 type;
#define DBG_COFF 1
#define DBG_CV 2
#define DBG_FPO 3
#define DBG_MISC 4
#define DBG_EXCEPTION 5
#define DBG_FIXUP 6
#define DBG_OMAP_TO_SRC 7
#define DBG_OMAP_FROM_SRC 8
#define DBG_BORLAND 9
#define DBG_RES10 10
#define DBG_CLSID 11
#define DBG_VCFEATURE 12
#define DBG_POGO 13
#define DBG_ILTCG 14
#define DBG_MPX 15
    uint32 size;
    uint32 rva; // virtual address
    uint32 seek; // ptr to data in the file
};

// now we can define has_debdir() because we have debug_entry_t defined
template <> inline bool peheader_t::has_debdir() const {
    return debdir.size >= sizeof(debug_entry_t) && debdir.rva != 0;
}

//-----
//
//      DBG file COFF debug information header
//
struct coff_debug_t {
    uint32 NumberOfSymbols;
    uint32 LvaToFirstSymbol;
    uint32 NumberOfLinenumbers;
};

```

```

uint32 LvaToFirstLineNumber;
uint32 RvaToFirstByteOfCode;
uint32 RvaToLastByteOfCode;
uint32 RvaToFirstByteOfData;
uint32 RvaToLastByteOfData;
};

//-----
//
//      DBG file FPO debug information
//
struct fpo_t {
    uint32 address;
    uint32 size;
    uint32 locals;
    uint16 params;
    uchar prolog;
    uchar regs;
#define FPO_REGS 0x07 // register number
#define FPO_SEH 0x08 //
#define FPO_BP 0x10 // has BP frame?
#define FPO_TYPE 0xC0
#define FPO_T_FPO 0x00
#define FPO_T_TRAP 0x40
#define FPO_T_TSS 0x80
#define FPO_T_NONFPO 0xC0
};

//      DBG file OMAP debug information

struct omap_t {
    uint32 a1;
    uint32 a2;
};

// misc entry format
struct misc_debug_t {
    uint32 type; // type of misc data, see defines
#define MISC_EXENAME 1
    uint32 length; // total length of record, rounded to four
    // byte multiple.
    uchar unicode; // TRUE if data is unicode string
    uchar reserved[3]; // padding
    uchar data[1]; // Actual data
};

//-----
// Resource information
struct rsc_dir_t {
    uint32 Characteristics;
    uint32 TimeDateStamp;
    uint16 MajorVersion;
    uint16 MinorVersion;
    uint16 NumberOfNamedEntries;
    uint16 NumberOfIdEntries;
};

struct rsc_dir_entry_t {
    union {
        struct {
            uint32 NameOffset : 31;
            uint32 NameIsString : 1;
        };
        uint32 Name;
    };
};

```

```
    uint16 Id;
};
union {
    uint32 OffsetToData;
    struct {
        uint32 OffsetToDirectory : 31;
        uint32 DataIsDirectory : 1;
    };
};
};
```

```
struct rsc_data_entry_t {
    uint32 OffsetToData;
    uint32 Size;
    uint32 CodePage;
    uint32 Reserved;
};
```

// Resource types

```
#define PE_RT_CURSOR 1
#define PE_RT_BITMAP 2
#define PE_RT_ICON 3
#define PE_RT_MENU 4
#define PE_RT_DIALOG 5
#define PE_RT_STRING 6
#define PE_RT_FONTDIR 7
#define PE_RT_FONT 8
#define PE_RT_ACCELERATOR 9
#define PE_RT_RCDATA 10
#define PE_RT_MESSAGETABLE 11
#define PE_RT_GROUP_CURSOR 12
#define PE_RT_GROUP_ICON 14
#define PE_RT_VERSION 16
#define PE_RT_DLGINCLUDE 17
#define PE_RT_PLUGPLAY 19
#define PE_RT_VXD 20
#define PE_RT_ANICURSOR 21
#define PE_RT_ANIICON 22
#define PE_RT_HTML 23
#define PE_RT_MANIFEST 24
```

// Language codes

```
#define PE_LANG_NEUTRAL 0x00
#define PE_LANG_INVARIANT 0x7f
```

```
#define PE_LANG_AFRIKAANS 0x36
#define PE_LANG_ALBANIAN 0x1c
#define PE_LANG_ARABIC 0x01
#define PE_LANG_ARMENIAN 0x2b
#define PE_LANG_ASSAMESE 0x4d
#define PE_LANG_AZERI 0x2c
#define PE_LANG_BASQUE 0x2d
#define PE_LANG_BELARUSIAN 0x23
#define PE_LANG_BENGLI 0x45
#define PE_LANG_BULGARIAN 0x02
#define PE_LANG_CATALAN 0x03
#define PE_LANG_CHINESE 0x04
#define PE_LANG_CROATIAN 0x1a
#define PE_LANG_CZECH 0x05
#define PE_LANG_DANISH 0x06
#define PE_LANG_DIVEHI 0x65
#define PE_LANG_DUTCH 0x13
#define PE_LANG_ENGLISH 0x09
#define PE_LANG_ESTONIAN 0x25
```

```

#define PE_LANG_FAEROESE 0x38
#define PE_LANG_FARSI 0x29
#define PE_LANG_FINNISH 0x0b
#define PE_LANG_FRENCH 0x0c
#define PE_LANG_GALICIAN 0x56
#define PE_LANG_GEORGIAN 0x37
#define PE_LANG_GERMAN 0x07
#define PE_LANG_GREEK 0x08
#define PE_LANG_GUJARATI 0x47
#define PE_LANG_HEBREW 0x0d
#define PE_LANG_HINDI 0x39
#define PE_LANG_HUNGARIAN 0x0e
#define PE_LANG_ICELANDIC 0x0f
#define PE_LANG_INDONESIAN 0x21
#define PE_LANG_ITALIAN 0x10
#define PE_LANG_JAPANESE 0x11
#define PE_LANG_KANNADA 0x4b
#define PE_LANG_KASHMIRI 0x60
#define PE_LANG_KAZAK 0x3f
#define PE_LANG_KONKANI 0x57
#define PE_LANG_KOREAN 0x12
#define PE_LANG_KYRGYZ 0x40
#define PE_LANG_LATVIAN 0x26
#define PE_LANG_LITHUANIAN 0x27
#define PE_LANG_MACEDONIAN 0x2f // the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
#define PE_LANG_MALAY 0x3e
#define PE_LANG_MALAYALAM 0x4c
#define PE_LANG_MANIPURI 0x58
#define PE_LANG_MARATHI 0x4e
#define PE_LANG_MONGOLIAN 0x50
#define PE_LANG_NEPALI 0x61
#define PE_LANG_NORWEGIAN 0x14
#define PE_LANG_ORIYA 0x48
#define PE_LANG_POLISH 0x15
#define PE_LANG_PORTUGUESE 0x16
#define PE_LANG_PUNJABI 0x46
#define PE_LANG_ROMANIAN 0x18
#define PE_LANG_RUSSIAN 0x19
#define PE_LANG_SANSKRIT 0x4f
#define PE_LANG_SINDHI 0x59
#define PE_LANG_SLOVAK 0x1b
#define PE_LANG_SLOVENIAN 0x24
#define PE_LANG_SPANISH 0x0a
#define PE_LANG_SWAHILI 0x41
#define PE_LANG_SWEDISH 0x1d
#define PE_LANG_SYRIAC 0x5a
#define PE_LANG_TAMIL 0x49
#define PE_LANG_TATAR 0x44
#define PE_LANG_TELUGU 0x4a
#define PE_LANG_THAI 0x1e
#define PE_LANG_TURKISH 0x1f
#define PE_LANG_UKRAINIAN 0x22
#define PE_LANG_URDU 0x20
#define PE_LANG_UZBEK 0x43
#define PE_LANG_VIETNAMESE 0x2a

//-----

#define PE_NODE "$ PE header" // netnode name for PE header
// value() -> peheader_t
// altval(segnum) -> s->start_ea
#define PE_ALT_DBG_FPOS \
    nodeidx_t(-1) // altval() -> translated fpos of debuginfo
#define PE_ALT_IMAGEBASE \

```



```

    nodeidx_t(-2) // altval() -> loading address (usually pe.imagebase)
#define PE_ALT_PEHDR_OFF nodeidx_t(-3) // altval() -> offset of PE header
#define PE_ALT_NEFLAGS nodeidx_t(-4) // altval() -> neflags
#define PE_ALT_TDS_LOADED nodeidx_t(-5) // altval() -> tds already loaded(1) or invalid(-1)
#define PE_ALT_P SXDLL nodeidx_t(-6) // altval() -> if POSIX(x86) imports from PSXDLL netnode
#define PE_ALT_OVRVA nodeidx_t(-7) // altval() -> overlay rva (if present)
#define PE_ALT_OVRSZ nodeidx_t(-8) // altval() -> overlay size (if present)
#define PE_SUPSTR_PDBNM nodeidx_t(-9) // supstr() -> pdb file name
// supval(segnum) -> pesection_t
// blob(0, PE_NODE_RELOC) -> relocation info
// blob(0, RSDS_TAG) -> rsds_t structure
// blob(0, NB10_TAG) -> cv_info_pdb20_t structure
#define PE_ALT_NTAPI nodeidx_t(-10) // altval() -> uses Native API
#define PE_NODE_RELOC 'r'
#define RSDS_TAG 's'
#define NB10_TAG 'n'
#define UTDS_TAG 't'

```

```

struct load_config_t {
    uint32 Size;
    uint32 TimeDateStamp;
    uint16 MajorVersion;
    uint16 MinorVersion;
    uint32 GlobalFlagsClear;
    uint32 GlobalFlagsSet;
    uint32 CriticalSectionDefaultTimeout;
    uint32 DeCommitFreeBlockThreshold;
    uint32 DeCommitTotalFreeThreshold;
    uint32 LockPrefixTable; // VA
    uint32 MaximumAllocationSize;
    uint32 VirtualMemoryThreshold;
    uint32 ProcessHeapFlags;
    uint32 ProcessAffinityMask;
    uint16 CSDVersion;
    uint16 Reserved1;
    uint32 EditList; // VA
    uint32 SecurityCookie; // VA
    // Version 2
    uint32 SEHandlerTable; // VA
    uint32 SEHandlerCount;
    // Version 3
    uint32 GuardCFCheckFunctionPointer; // VA
    uint32 GuardCFDispatchFunctionPointer; // VA
    uint32 GuardCFFunctionTable; // VA
    uint32 GuardCFFunctionCount;
    uint32 GuardFlags;
};

```

```

struct load_config64_t {
    uint32 Size;
    uint32 TimeDateStamp;
    uint16 MajorVersion;
    uint16 MinorVersion;
    uint32 GlobalFlagsClear;
    uint32 GlobalFlagsSet;
    uint32 CriticalSectionDefaultTimeout;
    uint64 DeCommitFreeBlockThreshold;
    uint64 DeCommitTotalFreeThreshold;
    uint64 LockPrefixTable; // VA
    uint64 MaximumAllocationSize;
    uint64 VirtualMemoryThreshold;
    uint64 ProcessAffinityMask;
};

```

```

uint32 ProcessHeapFlags;
uint16 CSDVersion;
uint16 Reserved1;
uint64 EditList; // VA
uint64 SecurityCookie; // VA
// Version 2
uint64 SEHandlerTable; // VA
uint64 SEHandlerCount;
// Version 3
uint64 GuardCFCheckFunctionPointer; // VA
uint64 GuardCFDispatchFunctionPointer; // VA
uint64 GuardCFFunctionTable; // VA
uint64 GuardCFFunctionCount;
uint32 GuardFlags;
};

#ifndef IMAGE_GUARD_CF_INSTRUMENTED
#define IMAGE_GUARD_CF_INSTRUMENTED \
    0x000000100 // Module performs control flow integrity checks using
                // system-supplied support
#define IMAGE_GUARD_CFW_INSTRUMENTED \
    0x000000200 // Module performs control flow and write integrity checks
#define IMAGE_GUARD_CF_FUNCTION_TABLE_PRESENT \
    0x000000400 // Module contains valid control flow target metadata
#define IMAGE_GUARD_SECURITY_COOKIE_UNUSED \
    0x000000800 // Module does not make use of the /GS security cookie
#define IMAGE_GUARD_PROTECT_DELAYLOAD_IAT \
    0x00001000 // Module supports read only delay load IAT
#define IMAGE_GUARD_DELAYLOAD_IAT_IN_ITS_OWN_SECTION \
    0x00002000 // Delayload import table in its own .didat section (with nothing
                // else in it) that can be freely reprotected
#define IMAGE_GUARD_CF_FUNCTION_TABLE_SIZE_MASK \
    0xF0000000 // Stride of Guard CF function table encoded in these bits
                // (additional count of bytes per element)
#define IMAGE_GUARD_CF_FUNCTION_TABLE_SIZE_SHIFT \
    28 // Shift to right-justify Guard CF function table stride
#endif

//-----
// MS Windows CLSID, GUID
struct clsid_t {
    uint32 id1;
    uint16 id2;
    uint16 id3;
    uchar id4[8];
    bool operator==(const struct clsid_t &r) const {
        return memcmp(this, &r, sizeof(r)) == 0;
    }
};

//-----
// RSDS debug information
struct rsds_t {
    uint32 magic;
#define RSDS_MAGIC MC4('R', 'S', 'D', 'S')
#define UTDS_MAGIC MC4('u', 'T', 'D', 'S')
    clsid_t guid;
    uint32 age;
    // char name[]; // followed by a zero-terminated UTF8 file name
};

//-----
// NB10 debug information
struct cv_info_pdb20_t {

```

```

uint32 magic; // 'NB10'
#define NB10_MAGIC MC4('N', 'B', '1', '0')
uint32 offset;
uint32 signature;
uint32 age;
// char pdb_file_name[];
};

//-----
// MTOC debug information.
// denotes EFI binaries that were built on OSX as Mach-0, then converted to PE
// by the 'mtoc' utility. see
// https://opensource.apple.com/source/cctools/cctools-921/efitools/mtoc.c.auto.html
struct mtoc_info_t {
uint32 magic; // 'MTOC'
#define MTOC_MAGIC MC4('M', 'T', 'O', 'C')
uchar uuid[16]; // UUID of original Mach-0 file
// char debug_filename[];
};

// TE (Terse Executable)
struct teheader_t {
uint16 signature; // 00
uint16 machine; // 02 same as in PE

bool is_64bit_cpu(void) const {
return machine == PECPU_AMD64 || machine == PECPU_IA64 ||
machine == PECPU_ARM64;
}

uint8 nobjs; // 04 number of sections
uint8 subsystem; // 05 target subsystem
uint16 strippedsize; // 06 number of bytes removed from the base of the
// original image

int32 first_section_pos(int32 peoff) const {
return peoff + sizeof(teheader_t);
}

// value which should be added to the sections' file offsets and RVAs
int32 te_adjust() const { return sizeof(teheader_t) - strippedsize; }

uint32 entry; // 08 Entry point
uint32 text_start; // 0C Base of code
uint64 imagebase64; // 10 Virtual base of the image.
uint64 imagebase() const { return imagebase64; }
petab_t reltab; // 18 Relocation Table
petab_t debdir; // 20 Debug Directory
};

const char *get_pe_machine_name(uint16 machine);
void print_pe_flags(uint16 flags);

#pragma pack(pop)
}

```

## efiXloader/pe\_manager.h

```

/*
 * efiXloader

```

```

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* along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
*
*/

```

```
#pragma once
```

```
#include <string>
```

```
#include "ida_core.h"
```

```
#include "pe.h"
```

```

namespace efiloader {
class PeManager {
public:
    explicit PeManager(uint16_t mt) {
        inf_set_64bit();
        set_imagebase(0x0);
        if (mt == PECPU_ARM64) {
            set_processor_type("arm", SETPROC_LOADER);
        } else {
            set_processor_type("metapc", SETPROC_LOADER);
        }
        pe_base = 0;
        pe_sel_base = 0;
        machine_type = mt;
    }
    void process(linput_t *li, std::basic_string<char> fname, int ord);
    uint16_t machine_type;

private:
    void to_base(linput_t *);
    efiloader::PE *pe;
    qvector<efiloader::PE *> pe_files;
    ushort pe_sel_base;
    ea_t pe_base;
    // head processing
    void pe_head_to_base(linput_t *li);
};
} // namespace efiloader
}

```

## efiXloader/uefitool.h

```

/*
* efiXloader
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*

```

```
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* GNU General Public License for more details.
*
* You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
* along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
*
*/
```

```
#pragma once
```

```
#include <set>
```

```
#ifdef _WIN32
```

```
#include <direct.h>
```

```
#else
```

```
#include <sys/stat.h>
```

```
#endif
```

```
#include <codecvt>
```

```
#include <filesystem>
```

```
#include <string>
```

```
#include <utility>
```

```
#include <vector>
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/LZMA/LzmaCompress.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/LZMA/LzmaDecompress.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/Tiano/EfiTianoCompress.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/Tiano/EfiTianoDecompress.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/basetypes.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/ffs.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/ffsparser.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/ffsreport.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/filesystem.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/guiddatabase.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/treeitem.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/treemodel.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/common/ustream.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/version.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/UEFIExtract/ffsdumper.h"
```

```
#include "3rd/uefiftool/UEFIExtract/uefidump.h"
```

```
#include "fstream"
```

```
#include "json.hpp"
```

```
#include "ida_core.h"
```

```
using nlohmann::json;
```

```
enum FILE_SECTION_TYPE {
    PE_DEPENDENCY_SECTION = 0,
    PE_TE_IMAGE_SECTION = 1,
    UI_SECTION = 2,
    VERSION_SECTION = 3
};
```

```
namespace efiloader {
class File {
public:
    File() {}
};
```

```

void set_data(char *data_in, uint32_t size_in) {
    qname.qclear();
    bytes.resize(size_in);
    memcpy(&bytes[0], data_in, size_in);
}
void write() {
    qstring idb_path(get_path(PATH_TYPE_IDB));
    qstring images_path = idb_path + qstring(".efiloader");
#ifdef WIN32
    _mkdir(images_path.c_str());
#else
    mkdir(images_path.c_str(), S_IRWXU | S_IRWXG | S_IROTH | S_IXOTH);
#endif
    if (!qname.empty()) {
        qstring image_path = images_path + qstring("/") + qstring(qname.c_str());
        std::ofstream file;
        file.open(image_path.c_str(), std::ios::out | std::ios::binary);
        file.write(ubytes.constData(), ubytes.size());
        file.close();
        dump_name.swap(image_path);
    }
}
void print();
UByteArray ubytes;
UByteArray uname;
bytevec_t bytes;
char *data = NULL;
uint32_t size = 0;
std::string name_utf8;
std::string name_utf16;
qstring qname;
qstring dump_name;
bool is_pe = false;
bool is_te = false;
bool has_ui = false;
};

class Uefitool {
public:
    explicit Uefitool(bytevec_t &data) {
        buffer = (const char *)&data[0];
        buffer_size = data.size();
        UByteArray ubuffer(buffer, buffer_size);
        FfsParser ffs(&model);
        if (ffs.parse(ubuffer)) {
            loader_failure("failed to parse data via UEFITool");
        }
        messages = ffs.getMessages();
    }
    ~Uefitool() {}
    void show_messages();
    bool messages_occurs() { return !messages.empty(); }
    void dump();
    void dump(const UModelIndex &index);
    void dump(const UModelIndex &index, uint8_t el_type, File *pe_file);
    void handle_raw_section(const UModelIndex &index);
    bool is_pe_index(const UModelIndex &index) {
        return model.rowCount(index) == 4;
    }
    bool is_file_index(const UModelIndex &index) {
        return model.type(index) == Types::File;
    }
    void get_unique_name(qstring &image_name);
    void get_image_guid(qstring &image_guid, UModelIndex index);
};

```

```

std::vector<std::string> parse_depex_section_body(const UModelIndex &index,
                                                UString &parsed);
std::vector<std::string> parse_apriori_raw_section(const UModelIndex &index);
void get_deps(UModelIndex index, std::string key);
void get_apriori(UModelIndex index, std::string key);
void dump_jsons();

// DEPEX information for each image
json all_deps;

json images_guids;
TreeModel model;
const char *buffer;
uint32_t buffer_size;
std::vector<std::pair<UString, UModelIndex>> messages;
std::set<qstring> unique_names;
std::vector<efiloader::File *> files;
USTATUS err;
void set_machine_type(UByteArray pe_body);
uint16_t machine_type = 0xffff;
bool machine_type_detected = false;

private:
std::string get_kind(const UModelIndex &index) {
    return fileTypeToUString(model.subtype(index.parent())).toLocal8Bit();
}
};
} // namespace efiloader
}

```

## efiXloader/utls.h

```

/*
 * efiXloader
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 *
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 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
 */

#pragma once

#include <algorithm>
#include <cstdint>
#include <string>
#include <vector>

#include "ida_core.h"

```

```

namespace efiloader {

class Utils {
public:
    Utils() {}
    void show_hex(void *buffer, size_t length, const char *prefix);
    bool find_vol(bytevec_t &frm, std::string &sig, qoff64_t &vol_off);
    qoff64_t find_vol_new(linput_t *li, char *sig);
    qoff64_t find_vol_test(bytevec_t &data);
    void skip(memory_deserializer_t *ser, size_t size, size_t count);
};
} // namespace efiloader
}

```

## Chapter 2.0.0

### efiXplorer

#### efiXplorer/CMakeLists.txt

```

cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.7)

project(efiXplorer CXX)

set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD 17)
set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD_REQUIRED ON)
set(CMAKE_EXPORT_COMPILE_COMMANDS ON)

if(APPLE)
    # to build Mach-O universal binaries with 2 architectures
    set(CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS "${CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS} -fPIC -arch x86_64 -arch arm64")
else()
    set(CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS "${CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS} -fPIC")
endif()

if(CMAKE_CXX_COMPILER_ID MATCHES "Clang")
    set(CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS
        "${CMAKE_CXX_FLAGS} -Wno-nullability-completeness -Wno-varargs")
endif()

list(APPEND CMAKE_MODULE_PATH ${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR}/../cmake)

find_package(Idsdk REQUIRED)

include_directories(${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR})
include_directories(${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR}/3rd/nlohmann_json)

# efiXplorer sources
set(efiXplorer_src
    "efi_defs.h"
    "efi_defs.cc"
    "efi_analysis.h"
    "efi_analysis_arm.cc"
    "efi_analysis_x86.cc"

```



```

    "efi_deps.cc"
    "efi_deps.h"
    "efi_global.cc"
    "efi_global.h"
    "efi_smm_utils.cc"
    "efi_smm_utils.h"
    "efi_ui.cc"
    "efi_ui.h"
    "efi_utils.cc"
    "efi_utils.h"
    "efixplorer.cc")

if(HexRaysSdk_ROOT_DIR)
    add_definitions(-DHEX_RAYS=1)
    set(HexRaysSdk_INCLUDE_DIRS ${HexRaysSdk_ROOT_DIR}/include)
    include_directories(${HexRaysSdk_INCLUDE_DIRS})
    list(APPEND efiXplorer_src "efi_hexrays.cc" "efi_hexrays.h")
endif()

add_ida_plugin(efiXplorer ${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR}/efixplorer.cc)

set_ida_target_properties(efiXplorer PROPERTIES CXX_STANDARD 20)
ida_target_include_directories(efiXplorer PRIVATE ${IdaSdk_INCLUDE_DIRS})

add_ida_library(efiXplorer_lib ${efiXplorer_src})
ida_target_link_libraries(efiXplorer efiXplorer_lib)
}

```

## efiXplorer/efi\_analysis.h

```

/*
 * efiXplorer
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly
 *
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 *
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
 */

#pragma once

#include "efi_defs.h"
#include "efi_smm_utils.h"
#include "efi_utils.h"
#ifdef HEX_RAYS
#include "efi_hexrays.h"
#endif
#include <map>
#include <string>

```

```

namespace efi_analysis {

class efi_analyser_t {
public:
    efi_analyser_t();
    ~efi_analyser_t();

    ea_list_t m_bs_list;    // gBS list (boot services addresses)
    ea_list_t m_rt_list;    // gRT list (runtime services addresses)
    ea_list_t m_smst_list;  // gSmst list (SMM system table addresses)
    ea_list_t m_st_list;    // gST list (system table addresses)

    ea_list_t m_funcs;

    func_list_t m_smi_handlers;
    json_list_t m_all_guids;
    json_list_t m_all_ppis;
    json_list_t m_all_protocols;
    json_list_t m_all_services;
    json_list_t m_nvram_variables;

    // all .text and .data segments
    // for compatibility with the efifixloader
    segment_list_t m_code_segs;
    segment_list_t m_data_segs;

    arch_file_type_t m_arch = arch_file_type_t::unsupported;
    ffs_file_type_t m_ftype = ffs_file_type_t::unsupported;

    void dump_json();
    void get_segments();
    void set_pvalues();
    void annotate_protocol_guids();
    void annotate_data_guids();
    bool smm_cpu_protocol_resolver();
    void find_smi_handlers();
    bool analyse_nvram_variables();

protected:
    ea_t m_start_addr = 0;
    ea_t m_end_addr = 0;

    // a map to look up a GUID name by value
    std::map<json, std::string> m_guiddb_map;
    json m_guiddb;

    std::filesystem::path m_guids_json_path;

    // protocol related boot services
    string_list_t m_prot_bs_names = {"InstallProtocolInterface",
                                     "ReinstallProtocolInterface",
                                     "UninstallProtocolInterface",
                                     "HandleProtocol",
                                     "RegisterProtocolNotify",
                                     "OpenProtocol",
                                     "CloseProtocol",
                                     "OpenProtocolInformation",
                                     "ProtocolsPerHandle",
                                     "LocateHandleBuffer",
                                     "LocateProtocol",
                                     "InstallMultipleProtocolInterfaces",
                                     "UninstallMultipleProtocolInterfaces"};

    // protocol related SMM services

```

```

string_list_t m_prot_smms_names = {"SmmInstallProtocolInterface",
                                   "SmmUninstallProtocolInterface",
                                   "SmmHandleProtocol",
                                   "SmmRegisterProtocolNotify",
                                   "SmmLocateHandle",
                                   "SmmLocateProtocol"};

// protocol related PEI services
string_list_t m_ppi_peis_names = {"InstallPpi", "ReInstallPpi", "LocatePpi",
                                   "NotifyPpi"};

// data and stack guids
json_list_t m_data_guids;
json_list_t m_stack_guids;

ea_list_t m_annotated_protocols;
json m_boot_services;
json m_pei_services_all;
json m_ppi_calls_all;
json m_runtime_services_all;
json m_smm_services_all;
json m_smm_services;

ea_list_t m_image_handle_list; // gImageHandle list (image handle addresses)
ea_list_t m_runtime_services_list; // runtime services list

// for SMM callout scanners
ea_list_t m_callout_addr;
ea_list_t m_read_save_state_calls;
func_list_t m_child_smi_handlers;
func_list_t m_exc_funcs;

// for double GetVariable scanners
ea_list_t m_double_get_variable_pei;
ea_list_t m_double_get_variable_smm;
ea_list_t m_double_get_variable;

bool add_protocol(std::string service_name, ea_t guid_addr, ea_t xref_addr,
                 ea_t call_addr);

private:
// format dependent settings
// protocols for DXE/SMM PPIs for PEI
json_list_t *m_ptable;
std::string m_pname;
std::string m_pkey;

uint64_list_t m_ppi_flags = {
    0x1,      0x10,    0x11,    0x20,    0x21,    0x30,
    0x31,    0x40,    0x41,    0x50,    0x51,    0x60,
    0x61,    0x70,    0x71,    0x80000000, 0x80000001, 0x80000010,
    0x80000011, 0x80000020, 0x80000021, 0x80000030, 0x80000031, 0x80000040,
    0x80000041, 0x80000050, 0x80000051, 0x80000060, 0x80000061, 0x80000070,
    0x80000071,
};

// EFI_SMM_SW_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_sw_guid2 = {0x18a3c6dc,
                        0x5eea,
                        0x48c8,
                        {0xa1, 0xc1, 0xb5, 0x33, 0x89, 0xf9, 0x89, 0x99}};

// EFI_SMM_SW_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_sw_guid = {0xe541b773,
                       0xdd11,

```

```

        0x420c,
        {0xb0, 0x26, 0xdf, 0x99, 0x36, 0x53, 0xf8, 0xbf}}};
// EFI_SMM_SX_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_sx_guid2 = {0x456d2859,
        0xa84b,
        0x4e47,
        {0xa2, 0xee, 0x32, 0x76, 0xd8, 0x86, 0x99, 0x7d}}};
// EFI_SMM_SX_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_sx_guid = {0x14FC52BE,
        0x01DC,
        0x426C,
        {0x91, 0xAE, 0xA2, 0x3C, 0x3E, 0x22, 0x0A, 0xE8}}};
// EFI_SMM_IO_TRAP_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_io_trap_guid2 = {
        0x58DC368D,
        0x7BFA,
        0x4E77,
        {0xAB, 0xBC, 0x0E, 0x29, 0x41, 0x8D, 0xF9, 0x30}}};
// EFI_SMM_IO_TRAP_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_io_trap_guid = {
        0xDB7F536B,
        0xEDE4,
        0x4714,
        {0xA5, 0xC8, 0xE3, 0x46, 0xEB, 0xAA, 0x20, 0x1D}}};
// EFI_SMM_GPI_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_gpi_guid2 = {0x25566B03,
        0xB577,
        0x4CBF,
        {0x95, 0x8C, 0xED, 0x66, 0x3E, 0xA2, 0x43, 0x80}}};
// EFI_SMM_GPI_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_gpi_guid = {0xE0744B81,
        0x9513,
        0x49CD,
        {0x8C, 0xEA, 0xE9, 0x24, 0x5E, 0x70, 0x39, 0xDA}}};
// EFI_SMM_USB_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_usb_guid2 = {0xEE9B8D90,
        0xC5A6,
        0x40A2,
        {0xBD, 0xE2, 0x52, 0x55, 0x8D, 0x33, 0xCC, 0xA1}}};
// EFI_SMM_USB_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_usb_guid = {0xA05B6FFD,
        0x87AF,
        0x4E42,
        {0x95, 0xC9, 0x62, 0x28, 0xB6, 0x3C, 0xF3, 0xF3}}};
// EFI_SMM_STANDBY_BUTTON_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_standby_button_guid2 = {
        0x7300C4A1,
        0x43F2,
        0x4017,
        {0xA5, 0x1B, 0xC8, 0x1A, 0x7F, 0x40, 0x58, 0x5B}}};
// EFI_SMM_STANDBY_BUTTON_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_standby_button_guid = {
        0x78965B98,
        0xB0BF,
        0x449E,
        {0x8B, 0x22, 0xD2, 0x91, 0x4E, 0x49, 0x8A, 0x98}}};
// EFI_SMM_PERIODIC_TIMER_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_periodic_timer_guid2 = {
        0x4CEC368E,
        0x8E8E,
        0x4D71,
        {0x8B, 0xE1, 0x95, 0x8C, 0x45, 0xFC, 0x8A, 0x53}}};
// EFI_SMM_PERIODIC_TIMER_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_periodic_timer_guid = {

```

```

    0x9CCA03FC,
    0x4C9E,
    0x4A19,
    {0x9B, 0x06, 0xED, 0x7B, 0x47, 0x9B, 0xDE, 0x55}}};
// EFI_SMM_POWER_BUTTON_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_power_button_guid2 = {
    0x1B1183FA,
    0x1823,
    0x46A7,
    {0x88, 0x72, 0x9C, 0x57, 0x87, 0x55, 0x40, 0x9D}}};
// EFI_SMM_POWER_BUTTON_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_power_button_guid = {
    0xB709EFA0,
    0x47A6,
    0x4B41,
    {0xB9, 0x31, 0x12, 0xEC, 0xE7, 0xA8, 0xEE, 0x56}}};
// EFI_SMM_ICHN_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_ichn_guid = {0xC50B323E,
    0x9075,
    0x4F2A,
    {0xAC, 0x8E, 0xD2, 0x59, 0x6A, 0x10, 0x85, 0xCC}}};
// EFI_SMM_ICHN_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_ichn_guid2 = {0xADF3A128,
    0x416D,
    0x4060,
    {0x8D, 0xDF, 0x30, 0xA1, 0xD7, 0xAA, 0xB6, 0x99}}};
// PCH_TCO_SMI_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_tco_guid = {0x9E71D609,
    0x6D24,
    0x47FD,
    {0xB5, 0x72, 0x61, 0x40, 0xF8, 0xD9, 0xC2, 0xA4}}};
// PCH_PCIE_SMI_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_pcie_guid = {0x3E7D2B56,
    0x3F47,
    0x42AA,
    {0x8F, 0x6B, 0x22, 0xF5, 0x19, 0x81, 0x8D, 0xAB}}};
// PCH_ACPI_SMI_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_acpi_guid = {0xD52BB262,
    0xF022,
    0x49EC,
    {0x86, 0xD2, 0x7A, 0x29, 0x3A, 0x7A, 0x5, 0x4B}}};
// PCH_GPIO_UNLOCK_SMI_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_gpio_unlock_guid = {
    0x83339EF7,
    0x9392,
    0x4716,
    {0x8D, 0x3A, 0xD1, 0xFC, 0x67, 0xCD, 0x55, 0xDB}}};
// PCH_SMI_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_pch_guid = {0xE6A81BBF,
    0x873D,
    0x47FD,
    {0xB6, 0xBE, 0x61, 0xB3, 0xE5, 0x72, 0x9, 0x93}}};
// PCH_ESPI_SMI_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_espi_guid = {0xB3C14FF3,
    0xBAE8,
    0x456C,
    {0x86, 0x31, 0x27, 0xFE, 0x0C, 0xEB, 0x34, 0x0C}}};
// EFI_ACPI_EN_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_acpi_en_guid = {
    0xBD88EC68,
    0xEBE4,
    0x4F7B,
    {0x93, 0x5A, 0x4F, 0x66, 0x66, 0x42, 0xE7, 0x5F}}};
// EFI_ACPI_DIS_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID

```

```
efi_guid_t m_acpi_dis_guid = {
    0x9C939BA6,
    0x1FCC,
    0x46F6,
    {0xB4, 0xE1, 0x10, 0x2D, 0xBE, 0x18, 0x65, 0x67}};
// FCH_SMM_GPI_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_gpi_guid2 = {
    0x7051ab6d,
    0x9ec2,
    0x42eb,
    {0xa2, 0x13, 0xde, 0x48, 0x81, 0xf1, 0xf7, 0x87}};
// FCH_SMM_IO_TRAP_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_io_trap_guid2 = {
    0x91288fc4,
    0xe64b,
    0x4ef9,
    {0xa4, 0x63, 0x66, 0x88, 0x0, 0x71, 0x7f, 0xca}};
// FCH_SMM_PERIODICAL_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_periodical_guid2 = {
    0x736102f1,
    0x9584,
    0x44e7,
    {0x82, 0x8a, 0x43, 0x4b, 0x1e, 0x67, 0x5c, 0xc4}};
// FCH_SMM_PWR_BTN_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_pwr_btn_guid2 = {
    0xa365240e,
    0x56b0,
    0x426d,
    {0x83, 0xa, 0x30, 0x66, 0xc6, 0x81, 0xbe, 0x9a}};
// FCH_SMM_SW_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_sw_guid2 = {
    0x881b4ab6,
    0x17b0,
    0x4bdf,
    {0x88, 0xe2, 0xd4, 0x29, 0xda, 0x42, 0x5f, 0xfd}};
// FCH_SMM_SX_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_sx_guid2 = {
    0x87e2a6cf,
    0x91fb,
    0x4581,
    {0x90, 0xa9, 0x6f, 0x50, 0x5d, 0xdc, 0x1c, 0xb2}};
// FCH_SMM_USB_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_usb_guid = {0x59053b0d,
    0xeb8,
    0x4379,
    {0xb1, 0xc8, 0x14, 0x5f, 0x1b, 0xb, 0xe4, 0xb9}};
// FCH_SMM_USB_DISPATCH2_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_usb_guid2 = {
    0xfbbb2ea9,
    0xce0e,
    0x4689,
    {0xb3, 0xf0, 0xc6, 0xb8, 0xf0, 0x76, 0xbd, 0x20}};
// FCH_SMM_MISC_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_misc_guid = {
    0x13bd659b,
    0xb4c6,
    0x47da,
    {0x9b, 0x22, 0x11, 0x50, 0xd4, 0xf3, 0xb, 0xda}};
// FCH_SMM_APU_RAS_DISPATCH_PROTOCOL_GUID
efi_guid_t m_fch_apu_ras_guid = {
    0xf871ee59,
    0x29d2,
    0x4b15,
    {0x9e, 0x67, 0xaf, 0x32, 0xcd, 0xc1, 0x41, 0x73}};
```

```
void print_interfaces();
bool analyse_variable_service(ea_t ea, std::string service_str);
};
```

```
class efi_analyser_x86_t : public efi_analyser_t {
public:
    efi_analyser_x86_t() : efi_analyser_t() {
        // import necessary types
        const til_t *idati = get_idati();
        import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_GUID");
        import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_HANDLE");
        import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_SYSTEM_TABLE");
        import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_BOOT_SERVICES");
        import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_RUNTIME_SERVICES");
        import_type(idati, -1, "_EFI_SMM_SYSTEM_TABLE2");
        import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_PEI_SERVICES");
        import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_PEI_READ_ONLY_VARIABLE2_PPI");
        import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_SMM_VARIABLE_PROTOCOL");
#ifdef HEX_RAYS
        for (auto idx = 0; idx < get_entry_qty(); idx++) {
            uval_t ord = get_entry_ordinal(idx);
            ea_t ep = get_entry(ord);
            efi_hexrays::track_entry_params(get_func(ep), 0);
        }
#endif
    }
};
```

```
bool find_boot_services_tables();
bool find_double_get_variable_pei();
bool find_double_get_variable_smm();
bool find_double_get_variable();
bool find_image_handle64();
bool find_runtime_services_tables();
bool find_smm_callout();
bool find_smst_postproc64();
bool find_smst64();
bool find_system_table64();
void find_local_guids64();
void find_other_boot_services_tables64();
void get_boot_services_all();
void get_bs_prot_names32();
void get_bs_prot_names64();
void get_pei_services_all32();
void get_ppi_names32();
void get_prot_boot_services32();
void get_prot_boot_services64();
void get_runtime_services_all();
void get_smm_prot_names64();
void get_smm_services_all64();
void get_variable_ppi_calls_all32();
void show_all_choosers();
```

```
private:
    void find_callout_rec(func_t *func);
    bool install_multiple_prot_interfaces_analyser();
};
```

```
class efi_analyser_arm_t : public efi_analyser_t {
public:
    efi_analyser_arm_t() : efi_analyser_t() {
        // in order to make it work, it is necessary to copy
        // uefi.til, uefi64.til files in {idadir}/til/arm/
        add_til("uefi64.til", ADDTIL_DEFAULT);
    }
};
```

```

    const til_t *idati = get_idati();
    import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_GUID");
    import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_HANDLE");
    import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_SYSTEM_TABLE");
    import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_BOOT_SERVICES");
    import_type(idati, -1, "EFI_RUNTIME_SERVICES");
}

void find_boot_services_tables();
void find_pei_services_function();
void fix_offsets();
void initial_analysis();
void initial_gvars_detection();
void detect_protocols_all();
void detect_services_all();
void show_all_choosers();

private:
    bool get_protocol(ea_t address, uint32_t p_reg, std::string service_name);
};

bool efi_analyse_main_x86_64();
bool efi_analyse_main_x86_32();
bool efi_analyse_main_aarch64();
}; // namespace efi_analysis
}

```

## efiXplorer/efi\_defs.h

```

/*
 * efiXplorer
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly
 *
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 *
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
 */

#pragma once

#include <cinttypes>
#include <cstddef>
#include <cstdint>
#include <fstream>
#include <set>
#include <string>
#include <vector>

#include <allins.hpp>

```



```

#include <auto.hpp>
#include <bytes.hpp>
#include <diskio.hpp>
#include <entry.hpp>
#include <frame.hpp>
#include <graph.hpp>
#include <ida.hpp>
#include <idp.hpp>
#include <kernwin.hpp>
#include <lines.hpp>
#include <loader.hpp>
#include <name.hpp>
#include <pro.h>
#include <struct.hpp>
#include <typeinf.hpp>
#include <typeinf.hpp>
#ifdef HEX_RAYS
#include <hexrays.hpp>
#endif

#include <json.hpp>

using nlohmann::json;

#define COPYRIGHT
    "(C) 2020-2024 Binarly - https://github.com/binarly-io/efiXplorer"

#define BTOA(x) ((x) ? "true" : "false")

#define VZ 0x5A56
#define MZ 0x5A4D

#define BS_OFFSET_64 0x60
#define BS_OFFSET_32 0x3c
#define RT_OFFSET_64 0x58
#define RT_OFFSET_32 0x38

#define NONE_REG 0xffff
#define NONE_OFFSET 0xffff
#define NONE_PUSH 0xffff

enum class arch_file_type_t { unsupported, x86_32, x86_64, aarch64, uefi };
enum class ffs_file_type_t { unsupported = 0, pei = 6, dxe_smm = 7 };
enum class module_type_t { dxe_smm = 0, pei = 1 };

enum machine_type_t { AMD64 = 0x8664, I386 = 0x014C, AARCH64 = 0xaa64 };

enum regs_x86_32_t {
    R_EAX,
    R_ECX,
    R_EDX,
    R_EBX,
    R_ESP,
    R_EBP,
    R_ESI,
    R EDI,
    R_AL = 0x10,
    R_DL = 0x12
};

enum regs_x86_64_t {
    R_RAX,
    R_RCX,

```

```
R_RDX,  
R_RBX,  
R_RSP,  
R_RBP,  
R_RSI,  
R_RDI,  
R_R8,  
R_R9,  
R_R10,  
R_R11,  
R_R12,  
R_R13,  
R_R14,  
};
```

```
enum regs_aarch64_t {
```

```
    R_C0 = 0,  
    R_C13 = 13,  
    R_X0 = 129,  
    R_X1,  
    R_X2,  
    R_X3,  
    R_X4,  
    R_X5,  
    R_X6,  
    R_X7,  
    R_X8,  
    R_X9,  
    R_X10,  
    R_X11,  
    R_X12,  
    R_X13,  
    R_X14,  
    R_X15,  
    R_X16,  
    R_X17,  
    R_X18,  
    R_X19,  
    R_X20,  
    R_X21,  
    R_X22,  
    R_X23,  
    R_X24,  
    R_X25,  
    R_X26,  
    R_X27,  
    R_X28,  
    R_X29,  
    R_X30,  
    R_XZR,  
    R_XSP,  
    R_XPC,
```

```
};
```

```
struct service_info_64_t {
```

```
    char name[64];  
    uint32_t offset;  
    uint32_t reg;  
    uint16_t arg_index;
```

```
};
```

```
struct service_info_32_t {
```

```
    char name[64];  
    uint32_t offset;
```

```

uint16_t push_number;
};

struct service_t {
    char name[64];
    uint32_t offset64;
    uint32_t offset32;
};

using ea_list_t = std::vector<ea_t>;
using func_list_t = std::vector<func_t *>;
using json_list_t = std::vector<json>;
using segment_list_t = std::vector<segment_t *>;
using string_list_t = std::vector<std::string>;
using string_set_t = std::set<std::string>;
using uchar_list_t = std::vector<uchar>;
using uint64_list_t = std::vector<uint64_t>;
using uint8_list_t = std::vector<uint8_t>;

struct efi_guid_t {
    uint32_t data1;
    uint16_t data2;
    uint16_t data3;
    uint8_t data4[8];

    uchar_list_t uchar_data() {
        uchar_list_t res;
        res.push_back(data1 & 0xff);
        res.push_back(data1 >> 8 & 0xff);
        res.push_back(data1 >> 16 & 0xff);
        res.push_back(data1 >> 24 & 0xff);
        res.push_back(data2 & 0xff);
        res.push_back(data2 >> 8 & 0xff);
        res.push_back(data3 & 0xff);
        res.push_back(data3 >> 8 & 0xff);
        for (auto i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
            res.push_back(data4[i]);
        }
        return res;
    }
};

std::string to_string() const {
    char guid_str[37] = {0};
    snprintf(guid_str, sizeof(guid_str),
             "%08X-%04X-%04X-%02X%02X-%02X%02X%02X%02X%02X", data1, data2,
             data3, data4[0], data4[1], data4[2], data4[3], data4[4], data4[5],
             data4[6], data4[7]);
    return guid_str;
}
};

extern service_info_64_t g_boot_services_table_aarch64[];
extern size_t g_boot_services_table_aarch64_count;

extern service_info_64_t g_boot_services_table64[];
extern size_t g_boot_services_table64_count;

extern service_info_32_t g_boot_services_table32[];
extern size_t g_boot_services_table32_count;

extern service_t g_boot_services_table_all[];
extern size_t g_boot_services_table_all_count;

extern service_t g_runtime_services_table_all[];

```

```

extern size_t g_runtime_services_table_all_count;

extern service_info_64_t g_smm_services_prot64[];
extern size_t g_smm_services_prot64_count;

extern service_t g_smm_services_table_all[];
extern size_t g_smm_services_table_all_count;

extern service_info_32_t g_pei_services_table32[];
extern size_t g_pei_services_table32_count;

extern service_t g_pei_services_table_all[];
extern size_t g_pei_services_table_all_count;

extern service_t g_variable_ppi_table_all[];
extern size_t g_variable_ppi_table_all_count;

extern const char *g_plugin_name;
}

```

## efiXplorer/efi\_deps.h

```

/*
 * efiXplorer
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly
 *
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 *
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
 */

#pragma once

#include "efi_utils.h"
#include <map>
#include <string>

class efi_deps_t {
public:
    efi_deps_t();
    ~efi_deps_t();

    json m_additional_installers;
    json m_modules_guids;
    json m_modules_info;
    json m_modules_sequence;
    json m_protocols_by_guids;
    json m_protocols_chooser;
    json m_uefitool_deps;
    string_set_t m_modules_from_idb;

```

```

string_set_t m_untracked_protocols;

// input: protocols from report
void get_protocols_by_guids(json_list_t protocols);
void get_protocols_chooser(json_list_t protocols);
// get dependencies for specific protocol
json get_deps_for(std::string protocol);
// get installers by protocol GUIDs by searching
// in the firmware and analysing xrefs
void get_additional_installers();
bool build_modules_sequence();
bool get_modules_info();

private:
    string_set_t m_protocols_without_installers;

    bool installer_found(std::string protocol);
    bool load_deps_from_uefiftool();
    bool load_modules_with_guids();
    json get_module_info(std::string module);
    std::string get_installer(std::string protocol);
    string_set_t get_apriori_modules();
    void get_installers_modules();
    void get_modules();
    void get_protocols_without_installers();
};
}

```

## efiXplorer/efi\_global.h

```

/*
 * efiXplorer
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly
 *
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 *
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
 */

#pragma once

#include "efi_deps.h"

struct args_t {
    module_type_t module_type;
    int disable_ui;
    int disable_vuln_hunt;
};

extern args_t g_args;

```

```
extern efi_deps_t g_deps;
}
```

## efiXplorer/efi\_hexrays.h

```
/*
 * efiXplorer
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly, Rolf Rolles
 *
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 *
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
 */

#pragma once

#include "efi_utils.h"
#include <map>
#include <string>
#include <utility>
#include <vector>

namespace efi_hexrays {
bool apply_all_types_for_interfaces_smm(json_list_t guids);
bool apply_all_types_for_interfaces(json_list_t guids);
bool detect_pei_services(func_t *f);
bool is_pod_array(tinfo_t tif, unsigned int ptr_depth);
bool offset_of(tinfo_t tif, const char *name, unsigned int *offset);
bool set_hexrays_var_info_and_handle_interfaces(ea_t func_addr, lvar_t &ll,
                                               tinfo_t tif, std::string name);
bool set_hexrays_var_info(ea_t func_addr, lvar_t &ll, tinfo_t tif,
                          std::string name);
bool set_lvar_name(qstring name, lvar_t &lvar, ea_t func_addr);
bool track_entry_params(func_t *f, uint8_t depth);
const char *expr_to_string(cexpr_t *e, qstring *out);
json detect_vars(func_t *f);
json_list_t detect_pei_services_arm(func_t *f);
json_list_t detect_services(func_t *f);
uint8_t variables_info_extract_all(func_t *f, ea_t code_addr);
xreflist_t xrefs_to_stack_var(ea_t func_addr, lvar_t &ll, qstring name);

// description of a function pointer within a structure. Ultimately, this
// plugin is looking for calls to specific UEFI functions. This structure
// describes basic information about those functions:
struct target_funcptr_t {
    const char *name; // name of function pointer in structure
    int offset; // offset of function pointer (filled in later)
    unsigned int args; // number of expected arguments
    unsigned int guid_arg; // which argument has the EFI_GUID *
    unsigned int out_arg; // which argument retrieves the output
};
```

```

};

// this class holds all function pointer descriptors for one structure, as well
// as providing a utility to look up function pointers by offset
class service_descriptor_t {
    // instance data
protected:
    // the type of the containing structure (e.g. EFI_BOOT_SERVICES)
    tinfo_t m_type;

    // the name of the type (e.g. "EFI_BOOT_SERVICES")
    qstring m_name;

    // the ordinal of the type (e.g. 4)
    uint32 m_ordinal;

    // a vector of the structures above, copied, and with the offsets filled in
    std::vector<target_funcptr_t> m_targets;

    bool b_initialised;

    // ensure we can look up the type that this instance describes
    bool init_type(const char *name) {
        // import type
        import_type(get_idati(), -1, name);

        // get type by name
        if (!m_type.get_named_type(get_idati(), name))
            return false;

        // save ordinal and name
        m_ordinal = m_type.get_ordinal();
        m_name = name;
        return true;
    }

    // look up the offsets for all function pointer targets; save the results
    // in the vector; return false if offset lookup fails
    bool init_targets(target_funcptr_t *targets, size_t num) {
        // iterate through all targets
        for (int i = 0; i < num; ++i) {
            // copy the target structure into our local vector
            target_funcptr_t &tgt = m_targets.emplace_back();
            tgt = targets[i];

            // retrieve the offsets of each named function pointer
            unsigned int offset;
            if (!offset_of(m_type, targets[i].name, &offset)) {
                return false;
            }
        }
        return true;
    }
}

public:
    // constructor does nothing
    service_descriptor_t() : m_ordinal(0), b_initialised(false) {}

    // accessor for ordinal
    uint32 get_ordinal() { return m_ordinal; }

    // accessor for name
    const char *get_name() { return m_name.c_str(); }

```

```

// needs to be called before the object can be used
bool initialise(const char *name, target_funcptr_t *targets, size_t num) {
    if (b_initialised)
        return true;
    b_initialised = init_type(name) && init_targets(targets, num);
    return b_initialised;
}

// after initialisation, look up a target by offset
bool lookup_offset(unsigned int offset, target_funcptr_t **tgt) {
    // iterating through a vector generally is inefficient compared
    // to a map, but there are at most 3 function pointers so far, so it
    // outweighs the overhead of the associative containers.
    for (auto &it : m_targets) {
        // Match by offset
        if (it.offset == offset) {
            *tgt = &it;
            return true;
        }
    }
    // if we don't find it, it's not necessarily "bad" from the
    // point of view of the plugin's logic. After all, we're looking at every
    // access to the selected structures, and so, quite rightly, we'll want to
    // ignore the function pointers that we're not tracking.
    return false;
}
};

// this class manages multiple instances of the class above. Each
// such structure is associated with the ordinal of its containing structure
// type. Then, when the Hex-Rays visitor needs to look up a function pointer
// access into a structure, it just passes the structure ordinal and offset.
// This class looks up the service_descriptor_t in a map by ordinal, and then
// looks up the offset if that succeeded.
class service_descriptor_map_t {
protected:
    // our map for looking up service_descriptor_t structures. I
    // should probably change the value type to a pointer.
    std::map<uint32, service_descriptor_t> m_services;

public:
    // add a new service_descriptor_t to the map. I should change the
    // argument type to match whatever I change the value type of the map to.
    bool register_sd(service_descriptor_t sd) {
        // get the ordinal from the service_descriptor_t
        uint32 ord = sd.get_ordinal();

        // are we already tracking this structure?
        if (m_services.find(ord) != m_services.end()) {
            return false;
        }
        // if not, register it. Get rid of std::move
        m_services[ord] = std::move(sd);
        return true;
    }

    // this function could be protected, but whatever. Given an ordinal, get
    // the tracked service_descriptor_t, if applicable
    bool lookup_ordinal(uint32 ord, service_descriptor_t **sd) {
        auto it = m_services.find(ord);
        if (it == m_services.end()) {
            return false;
        }
        *sd = &it->second;
    }
};

```



```

    return true;
}

// this is the high-level function that clients call. Given a structure
// ordinal and offset of a function pointer, see if it's something we're
// tracking. If so, get pointers to the tracked objects and return true.
bool lookup_offset(uint32 ord, unsigned int offset, service_descriptor_t **sd,
                  target_funcptr_t **tgt) {
    if (!lookup_ordinal(ord, sd))
        return false;
    if (!(*sd)->lookup_offset(offset, tgt))
        return false;
    return true;
}
};

// base class for two visitors that require similar functionality. Here we
// collect all of the common data and functionality that will be used by both
// of those visitors. This allows the derivatives to be very succinct.
class guid_related_visitor_base_t : public ctree_visitor_t {
public:
    // we need access to a service_descriptor_map_t from above
    explicit guid_related_visitor_base_t(service_descriptor_map_t &m)
        : ctree_visitor_t(CV_FAST), m_debug(true), m_services(m) {}

    // we need the function ea when setting Hex-Rays variable types
    void set_func_ea(ea_t ea) { m_func_ea = ea; }
    void set_code_ea(ea_t ea) { m_code_ea = ea; }
    void set_protocols(json_list_t protocols) { m_protocols = protocols; }

protected:
    ea_t m_func_ea;
    ea_t m_code_ea;
    json_list_t m_protocols;
    bool m_debug = true;

    // used for looking up calls to function pointers in structures
    service_descriptor_map_t &m_services;

    //
    // state variables, cleared on every iteration. I debated with myself
    // whether this was a nasty design decision. I think it's fine. These
    // variables are only valid to access after the client has called
    // validate_call_and_guid, and it returned true. If you called that and it
    // returned false, these will be in an inconsistent state. Don't touch them
    // if that's the case.
    //
    // address of the indirect function call
    ea_t m_ea;

    // the pointer type that's being accessed (that of the structure)
    tinfo_t m_tif;

    // the structure type, with the pointer indirection removed
    tinfo_t m_tif_noptr;

    // the service_descriptor_t for the containing structure
    service_descriptor_t *m_service;

    // the ordinal of the structure type
    uint32 m_ordinal;

    // the offset of the function pointer in the structure

```

```

unsigned int m_offset;

// details about the target of the indirect call (e.g. name)
target_funcptr_t *m_target;

// the list of arguments for the indirect call
carglist_t *m_args;

// the argument that specifies the GUID for the indirect call
cexpr_t *m_guid_arg;

// the argument that gets the output for the indirect call
cexpr_t *m_out_arg;

// the GUID argument will be &x; this is x
cexpr_t *m_guid_arg_ref_to;

// the address of the GUID being passed to the indirect call
ea_t m_guid_ea;

void clear() {
    m_ea = BADADDR;
    m_tif.clear();
    m_tif_noptr.clear();
    m_service = nullptr;
    m_ordinal = 0;
    m_offset = -1;
    m_target = nullptr;
    m_args = nullptr;
    m_guid_arg = nullptr;
    m_out_arg = nullptr;
    m_guid_arg_ref_to = nullptr;
    m_guid_ea = BADADDR;
}

// this is the first function called every time the visitor visits an
// expression. This function determines if the expression is a call to a
// function pointer contained in a structure
bool get_call_ord_and_offset(cexpr_t *e) {
    // set instance variable for call address
    m_ea = e->ea;

    if (m_ea != m_code_ea) {
        return false;
    }

    // if it's not a call, we're done
    if (e->op != cot_call)
        return false;

    // set instance variable with call arguments
    m_args = e->a;

    // if it's a direct call, we're done
    cexpr_t *call_dest = e->x;
    if (call_dest->op == cot_obj)
        return false;

    // eat any casts on the type of what's being called
    while (call_dest->op == cot_cast)
        call_dest = call_dest->x;

    // if the destination is not a member of a structure, we're done
    if (call_dest->op != cot_memptr)

```

```

    return false;

// set instance variable with type of structure containing pointer
m_tif = call_dest->x->type;

// ensure that the structure is being accessed via pointer, and not as a
// reference (i.e., through a structure held on the stack as a local
// variable)
if (!m_tif.is_ptr()) {
    return false;
}

// remove pointer from containing structure type, set instance variable
m_tif_noptr = remove_pointer(m_tif);

// get the ordinal of the structure
m_ordinal = m_tif_noptr.get_ordinal();

// if we can't get a type for the structure, that's bad
if (m_ordinal == 0)
    return false;

// get the offset of the function pointer in the structure
m_offset = call_dest->m;

// now we know we're dealing with an indirect call to a function
// pointer contained in a structure, where the structure is being
// accessed by a pointer
return true;
}

// this is the second function called as part of indirect call validation.
// Now we want to know: is it a call to something that we're tracking?
bool validate_call_destination() {
    // look up the structure ordinal and function offset; get the associated
    // service_descriptor_t and target_funcptr_t (instance variables)
    if (!m_services.lookup_offset(m_ordinal, m_offset, &m_service, &m_target))
        return false;

    // it was something that we were tracking. Now, sanity-check the
    // number of arguments on the function call. (Hex-Rays might have gotten
    // this wrong. The user can fix it via "set call type")
    size_t args_size = m_args->size();
    size_t args = m_target->args;
    if (args_size != args) {
        return false;
    }

    // the target_funcptr_t tells us which argument takes an EFI_GUID *,
    // and which one retrieves the output. Get those arguments, and save them
    // as instance variables
    m_guid_arg = &m_args->at(m_target->guid_arg);
    m_out_arg = &m_args->at(m_target->out_arg);

    // now we know that the expression is an indirect call to
    // something that we're tracking, and that Hex-Rays decompiled the call
    // the way we expected it to
    return true;
}

// this is a helper function used to get the thing being referred to. What
// does that m_ean?
//
// -for GUID arguments, we'll usually have &globvar. Return globvar

```

```

// - for output arguments, we'll usually have &globvar or &locvar. Due to
// Hex-Rays internal heuristics, we might end up with "locarray", which
// does not actually have a "&" when passed as a call argument. There's
// a bit of extra logic to check for that case
cexpr_t *get_referent(cexpr_t *e, const char *desc, bool b_accept_var) {
    // Eat casts
    cexpr_t *x = e;
    while (x->op == cot_cast)
        x = x->x;

    qstring estr;
    // if we're accepting local variables, and this is a variable (note: not
    // a *reference* to a variable)
    if (b_accept_var && x->op == cot_var) {
        // get the variable details
        var_ref_t var_ref = x->v;
        lvar_t dest_var = var_ref.mba->vars[var_ref.idx];

        // ensure that it's an array of POD types, or pointers to them
        bool bis_pod_array = is_pod_array(dest_var.tif, 1);

        // if it is a POD array, good, we'll take it
        return bis_pod_array ? x : nullptr;
    }

    // for everything else, we really want it to be a reference: either to a
    // global or local variable. If it's not a reference, we can't get the
    // referent, so fail
    if (x->op != cot_ref) {
        return nullptr;
    }

    // if we get here, we know it's a reference. Return the referent.
    return x->x;
}

// the third function in the validation logic. We already know the
// expression is an indirect call to something that we're tracking, and
// that Hex-Rays' decompilation matches on the number of arguments. Now,
// we validate that the GUID argument does in fact point to a global
// variable
bool validate_guid_arg() {
    // does the GUID argument point to a local variable?
    m_guid_arg_ref_to = get_referent(m_guid_arg, "GUID", false);
    if (!m_guid_arg_ref_to)
        return false;

    // if we get here, we know it was a reference to *something*. Ensure that
    // something is a global variable
    if (m_guid_arg_ref_to->op != cot_obj) {
        return false;
    }

    // save the address of the global variable to which the GUID argument is
    // pointing
    m_guid_ea = m_guid_arg_ref_to->obj_ea;

    // now we know we're dealing with an indirect call to something
    // we're tracking; that Hex-Rays decompiled the call with the proper
    // number of arguments; and that the GUID argument did in fact point to
    // a global variable, whose address we now have in an instance variable.
    return true;
}

```

```

// finally, this function combines all three checks above into one single
// function. If you call this and it returns true, feel free to access the
// instance variables, as they are guaranteed to be valid. If it returns
// false, they aren't, so don't touch them
bool validate_call_and_guid(cexpr_t *e) {
    // Reset all instance variables. Not strictly necessary; call it
    // "defensive programming".
    clear();

    // validate according to the logic above
    return (get_call_ord_and_offset(e) && validate_call_destination() &&
            validate_guid_arg());
}
};

// now that we've implemented all that validation logic, this class is pretty
// simple. This one is responsible for ensuring that the GUID is something that
// we know about, and setting the types of the output variables accordingly
class guid_retyper_t : public guid_related_visitor_base_t {
public:
    explicit guid_retyper_t(service_descriptor_map_t &m)
        : guid_related_visitor_base_t(m), m_num_applied(0) {}

    // this is the callback function that Hex-Rays invokes for every expression
    // in the CTREE
    int visit_expr(cexpr_t *e) {
        // perform the checks from guid_related_visitor_base_t. If they fail, we're
        // not equipped to deal with this expression, so bail out
        if (!validate_call_and_guid(e))
            return 0;

        m_guid_arg_ref_to = get_referent(m_guid_arg, "GUID", false);
        if (m_guid_arg_ref_to == nullptr)
            return 0;
        ea_t guidAddr = m_guid_arg_ref_to->obj_ea;

        // get interface type name
        std::string guid_name;
        for (auto g : m_protocols) {
            if (guidAddr == g["address"]) {
                guid_name = g["prot_name"];
                break;
            }
        }
        if (guid_name.empty()) {
            return 0;
        }

        std::string interface_type_name =
            guid_name.substr(0, guid_name.find("_GUID"));
        if (!interface_type_name.find("FCH_")) {
            // convert FCH_SMM_* dispatcher type to EFI_SMM_* dispatcher type
            interface_type_name.replace(0, 4, "EFI_");
        }

        // need to get the type for the interface variable here
        tinfo_t tif;
        import_type(get_idati(), -1, interface_type_name.c_str());
        if (!tif.get_named_type(get_idati(), interface_type_name.c_str())) {
            // get the referent for the interface argument
            cexpr_t *out_arg_referent = get_referent(m_out_arg, "ptr", true);
            if (out_arg_referent == nullptr)
                return 0;
            apply_name(out_arg_referent, interface_type_name);
        }
    }
};

```

```

    return 0;
}

qstring tstr;
if (!tif.get_type_name(&tstr)) {
    return 0;
}

tinfo_t tif_guid_ptr;
if (!tif_guid_ptr.create_ptr(tif)) {
    return 0;
}

// get the referent for the interface argument
cexpr_t *out_arg_referent = get_referent(m_out_arg, "ptr", true);
if (out_arg_referent == nullptr)
    return 0;

// apply the type to the output referent
apply_type(out_arg_referent, tif_guid_ptr, tstr);
return 1;
}

```

protected:

```

    unsigned int m_num_applied;

// given an expression (either a local or global variable) and a type to
// apply, apply the type. This is just a bit of IDA/Hex-Rays type system
// skullduggery
void apply_type(cexpr_t *out_arg, tinfo_t ptr_tif, qstring tstr) {
    ea_t dest_ea = out_arg->obj_ea;

// for global variables
if (out_arg->op == cot_obj) {
    // just apply the type information to the address
    apply_tinfo(dest_ea, ptr_tif, TINFO_DEFINITE);
    ++m_num_applied;

// rename global variable
auto name = "g" + efi_utils::type_to_name(tstr.c_str());
set_name(dest_ea, name.c_str(), SN_FORCE);

// get xrefs to global variable
auto xrefs = efi_utils::get_xrefs(dest_ea);
qstring type_name;
ptr_type_data_t pi;
ptr_tif.get_ptr_details(&pi);
pi.obj_type.get_type_name(&type_name);

// handling all interface functions (to rename function arguments)
efi_utils::op_stroff_for_global_interface(xrefs, type_name);
} else if (out_arg->op == cot_var) { // for local variables
    var_ref_t var_ref = out_arg->v;
    lvar_t &dest_var = var_ref.mba->vars[var_ref.idx];

// set the Hex-Rays variable type
auto name = efi_utils::type_to_name(tstr.c_str());
set_lvar_name(name.c_str(), dest_var, m_func_ea);
if (set_hexrays_var_info_and_handle_interfaces(m_func_ea, dest_var,
                                                ptr_tif, name)) {
    ++m_num_applied;
}
}
}
}

```

```

void apply_name(cexpr_t *out_arg, std::string type_name) {
    ea_t dest_ea = out_arg->obj_ea;

    // for global variables
    if (out_arg->op == cot_obj) {
        // rename global variable
        auto name = "g" + efi_utils::type_to_name(type_name);
        set_name(dest_ea, name.c_str(), SN_FORCE);
    } else if (out_arg->op == cot_var) { // for local variables
        var_ref_t var_ref = out_arg->v;
        lvar_t &dest_var = var_ref.mba->vars[var_ref.idx];
        // set the Hex-Rays variable type
        auto name = efi_utils::type_to_name(type_name);
        set_lvar_name(name.c_str(), dest_var, m_func_ea);
    }
}
};

class variables_info_extractor_t : public ctree_visitor_t {
public:
    explicit variables_info_extractor_t(ea_t code_addr)
        : ctree_visitor_t(CV_FAST) {
        m_code_addr = code_addr;
    }

    uint8_t m_attributes = 0xff;

    // this is the callback function that Hex-Rays invokes for every expression
    // in the CTREE
    int visit_expr(cexpr_t *e) {
        if (m_code_addr == BADADDR) {
            return 0;
        }

        if (e->ea != m_code_addr) {
            return 0;
        }

        if (e->op != cot_call)
            return 0;

        carglist_t *args = e->a;
        if (args == nullptr) {
            return 0;
        }

        size_t args_size = args->size();
        if (args_size < 3) {
            return 0;
        }

        cexpr_t *attributes_arg = &args->at(2);
        if (attributes_arg->op == cot_num) {
            attributes_arg->numval();
            m_attributes = static_cast<uint8_t>(attributes_arg->numval());
        }

        return 0;
    }
};

protected:
    ea_t m_code_addr = BADADDR;
    bool m_debug = true;

```

```
};
```

```
class prototypes_fixer_t : public ctree_visitor_t {
public:
    prototypes_fixer_t() : ctree_visitor_t(CV_FAST) {}
    ea_list_t m_child_functions;

    // this is the callback function that Hex-Rays invokes for every expression
    // in the CTREE
    int visit_expr(cexpr_t *e) {
        if (e->op != cot_call)
            return 0;

        // get child function address
        if (e->x->op != cot_obj) {
            return 0;
        }
        if (m_debug) {
            efi_utils::log("child function address: 0x%" PRIx64 "\n",
                u64_addr(e->x->obj_ea));
        }

        carglist_t *args = e->a;
        if (args == nullptr) {
            return 0;
        }

        // get child function prototype
        ea_t func_addr = e->x->obj_ea;
        hexrays_failure_t hf;
        func_t *f = get_func(func_addr);
        if (f == nullptr) {
            return 0;
        }

        cfuncptr_t cf = decompile(f, &hf, DECOMP_NO_WAIT);
        if (cf == nullptr) {
            return 0;
        }

        if (m_debug) {
            efi_utils::log("call address: 0x%" PRIx64 "\n", u64_addr(e->ea));
        }
        for (auto i = 0; i < args->size(); i++) {
            cexpr_t *arg = &args->at(i);
            if (arg->op == cot_cast || arg->op == cot_var) {
                // extract argument type
                tinfo_t arg_type;
                tinfo_t arg_type_no_ptr;
                if (arg->op == cot_var) {
                    arg_type = arg->type;
                }
                if (arg->op == cot_cast) {
                    arg_type = arg->x->type;
                }

                // print type
                if (arg_type.is_ptr()) {
                    arg_type_no_ptr = remove_pointer(arg_type);
                }

                qstring type_name;
                bool is_ptr = false;
                if (!arg_type.get_type_name(&type_name)) {
```



```

        if (!arg_type_no_ptr.get_type_name(&type_name)) {
            continue;
        }
        is_ptr = true;
    }

    if (is_ptr) {
        efi_utils::log("arg #%d, type = %s *\n", i, type_name.c_str());
    } else {
        efi_utils::log("arg #%d, type = %s\n", i, type_name.c_str());
    }

    if (type_name == qstring("EFI_HANDLE") ||
        type_name == qstring("EFI_SYSTEM_TABLE")) {
        if (!efi_utils::addr_in_vec(m_child_functions, func_addr)) {
            m_child_functions.push_back(func_addr);
        }

        // set argument type and name
        if (cf->argidx.size() <= i) {
            return 0;
        }

        auto argid = cf->argidx[i];
        lvar_t &arg_var = cf->mba->vars[argid]; // get lvar for argument
        if (type_name == qstring("EFI_HANDLE")) {
            set_hexrays_var_info(func_addr, arg_var, arg_type, "ImageHandle");
        }
        if (type_name == qstring("EFI_SYSTEM_TABLE")) {
            set_hexrays_var_info(func_addr, arg_var, arg_type, "SystemTable");
        }
    }
}
}
}

return 0;
}

```

protected:

```

    bool m_debug = true;
};

```

```

class variables_detector_t : public ctree_visitor_t {
public:
    variables_detector_t() : ctree_visitor_t(CV_FAST) {}

```

```

    ea_list_t m_child_functions;

```

```

    ea_list_t m_image_handle_list;
    ea_list_t m_st_list;
    ea_list_t m_bs_list;
    ea_list_t m_rt_list;

```

```

    void set_func_ea(ea_t ea) { m_func_ea = ea; }

```

```

// this is the callback function that Hex-Rays invokes for every expression
// in the CTREE

```

```

int visit_expr(cexpr_t *e) {
    if (e->op == cot_asg) {
        // saving a child function for recursive analysis
        if (!efi_utils::addr_in_vec(m_child_functions, e->ea)) {
            m_child_functions.push_back(e->x->obj_ea);
        }
    }
}
}

```

```

bool global_var = false;
bool local_var = false;
if (e->op != cot_asg) {
    return 0;
}

switch (e->x->op) {
case cot_obj:
    // asg operation for global variable
    global_var = true;
    break;
case cot_var:
    // asg operation for local variable
    local_var = true;
    break;
default:
    return 0;
}

// extract variable type
tinfo_t var_type;
tinfo_t var_type_no_ptr;
if (e->y->op == cot_memptr && e->y->x->op == cot_var) {
    var_type = e->y->type;
} else if (e->y->op == cot_var) {
    var_type = e->y->type;
} else if (e->y->op == cot_cast) {
    var_type = e->y->x->type;
} else {
    return 0;
}

if (var_type.is_ptr()) {
    var_type_no_ptr = remove_pointer(var_type);
}

qstring type_name;
bool is_ptr = false;
if (!var_type.get_type_name(&type_name)) {
    if (!var_type_no_ptr.get_type_name(&type_name)) {
        return 0;
    }
    is_ptr = true;
}

if (m_debug) {
    efi_utils::log("code address: 0x%" PRIx64 " , type name: %s\n",
        u64_addr(e->ea), type_name.c_str());
}

if (global_var) {
    // extract variable data
    ea_t g_addr = e->x->obj_ea;
    std::string type_name_str = type_name.c_str();
    if (type_name == "EFI_HANDLE") {
        efi_utils::set_type_and_name(g_addr, "gImageHandle", type_name_str);
        if (!efi_utils::addr_in_vec(m_image_handle_list, g_addr)) {
            m_image_handle_list.push_back(g_addr);
        }
    }
    if (type_name == "EFI_SYSTEM_TABLE") {
        efi_utils::set_ptr_type_and_name(g_addr, "gST", type_name_str);
        if (!efi_utils::addr_in_vec(m_st_list, g_addr)) {

```

```

        m_st_list.push_back(g_addr);
    }
}
if (type_name == "EFI_BOOT_SERVICES") {
    efi_utils::set_ptr_type_and_name(g_addr, "gBS", type_name_str);
    if (!efi_utils::addr_in_vec(m_bs_list, g_addr)) {
        m_bs_list.push_back(g_addr);
    }
}
if (type_name == "EFI_RUNTIME_SERVICES") {
    efi_utils::set_ptr_type_and_name(g_addr, "gRT", type_name_str);
    if (!efi_utils::addr_in_vec(m_rt_list, g_addr)) {
        m_rt_list.push_back(g_addr);
    }
}
}

if (local_var) {
    // set the Hex-Rays variable type
    auto name = efi_utils::type_to_name(type_name.c_str());
    efi_utils::log("found %s at 0x%" PRIx64 " (function: 0x%" PRIx64 ")\\n",
        name.c_str(), u64_addr(e->ea), u64_addr(m_func_ea));
}

return 0;
}

protected:
    bool m_debug = true;
    ea_t m_func_ea = BADADDR;
};

class services_detector_t : public ctree_visitor_t {
    // detect all services (Boot services, Runtime services, etc)
public:
    services_detector_t() : ctree_visitor_t(CV_FAST) {}

    json_list_t m_services;

    // this is the callback function that Hex-Rays invokes for every expression
    // in the CTREE
    int visit_expr(cexpr_t *e) {
        if (e->op != cot_call) {
            return 0;
        }

        if (e->x->op != cot_cast) {
            return 0;
        }

        // extract function type
        auto e_func = e->x->x;
        tinfo_t func_type;
        tinfo_t func_type_no_ptr;

        func_type = e_func->type;

        if (func_type.is_ptr()) {
            func_type_no_ptr = remove_pointer(func_type);
        }

        qstring type_name;
        bool is_ptr = false;
        if (!func_type.get_type_name(&type_name)) {

```

```

        if (!func_type_no_ptr.get_type_name(&type_name)) {
            return 0;
        }
        is_ptr = 0;
    }
}

auto service_name = efi_utils::type_to_name(type_name.c_str());
if (service_name.rfind("Efi", 0) == 0) {
    service_name = service_name.substr(3);
    if (service_name == "RaiseTpl") {
        service_name = "RaiseTPL";
    }
    if (service_name == "RestoreTpl") {
        service_name = "RestoreTPL";
    }
}
if (m_debug) {
    efi_utils::log("address: 0x%" PRIx64
                  ", service type: %s, service name: %s\n",
                  u64_addr(e->ea), type_name.c_str(), service_name.c_str());
}

    json s;
    s["address"] = e->ea;
    s["service_name"] = service_name;
    s["table_name"] = efi_utils::get_table_name(service_name);

    if (!efi_utils::json_in_vec(m_services, s)) {
        m_services.push_back(s);
    }

    return 0;
}

protected:
    bool m_debug = true;
};

class pei_services_detector_t : public ctree_visitor_t {
    // detect and mark all PEI services
public:
    pei_services_detector_t() : ctree_visitor_t(CV_FAST) {}

    bool make_shifted_ptr(tinfo_t outer, tinfo_t inner, int32 offset,
                        tinfo_t *shifted_tif) {
        ptr_type_data_t pi;
        pi.taptr_bits = TAPTR_SHIFTED;
        pi.delta = offset;
        pi.parent = outer;
        pi.obj_type = inner;
        shifted_tif->create_ptr(pi);
        return shifted_tif->is_correct();
    }

    bool set_var_type(ea_t func_ea, lvar_t lvar, tinfo_t tif) {
        lvar_saved_info_t lsi;
        lsi.ll = lvar;
        lsi.type = tif;
        return modify_user_lvar_info(func_ea, MLI_TYPE, lsi);
    }

    // this is the callback function that Hex-Rays invokes for every expression
    // in the CTREE
    int visit_expr(cexpr_t *e) {

```

```

auto pointer_offset = BADADDR;
auto service_offset = BADADDR;
bool call = false;
var_ref_t var_ref;
if (e->op == cot_ptr && e->x->op == cot_cast && e->x->x->op == cot_add &&
    e->x->x->x->op == cot_ptr && e->x->x->x->x->op == cot_ptr &&
    e->x->x->x->x->x->op == cot_cast &&
    e->x->x->x->x->x->x->op == cot_sub &&
    e->x->x->x->x->x->x->x->op == cot_var &&
    e->x->x->x->x->x->x->x->y->op == cot_num && e->x->x->y->op == cot_num) {
    // (*ADJ(v2)->PeiServices)->GetHobList(
    // (const EFI_PEI_SERVICES**)ADJ(v2)->PeiServices, HobList);
    service_offset = e->x->x->y->numval();
    pointer_offset = e->x->x->x->x->x->x->y->numval();
    var_ref = e->x->x->x->x->x->x->x->x->v;
    call = true;
} else if (e->op == cot_asg && e->x->op == cot_var && e->y->op == cot_ptr &&
    e->y->x->op == cot_cast && e->y->x->x->op == cot_sub &&
    e->y->x->x->x->op == cot_var && e->y->x->x->y->op == cot_num) {
    // __sidt(v6);
    // PeiServices = ADJ(v7)->PeiServices;
    pointer_offset = e->y->x->x->y->numval();
    var_ref = e->y->x->x->x->v;
} else {
    return 0;
}

if (pointer_offset != 4) {
    return 0;
}

efi_utils::log("PEI service detected at 0x%" PRIx64 "\n", u64_addr(e->ea));

tinfo_t outer;
if (!outer.get_named_type(get_idati(), "EFI_PEI_SERVICES_4", BTF_STRUCT)) {
    return 0;
}

tinfo_t shifted_tif;
if (!make_shifted_ptr(outer, outer, pointer_offset, &shifted_tif)) {
    return 0;
}

lvar_t &dest_var = var_ref.mba->vars[var_ref.idx];
func_t *func = get_func(e->ea);
if (func == nullptr) {
    return 0;
}
if (set_var_type(func->start_ea, dest_var, shifted_tif)) {
    efi_utils::log("shifted pointer applied at 0x%" PRIx64 "\n",
        u64_addr(e->ea));
}

if (call) {
    efi_utils::op_stroff(e->ea, "EFI_PEI_SERVICES");
}

return 0;
}

protected:
    bool m_debug = true;
};

```

```

class pei_services_detector_arm_t : public ctree_visitor_t {
    // detect and mark all PEI services for ARM firmware
    // tested on Ampere firmware that contains small PEI stack
public:
    pei_services_detector_arm_t() : ctree_visitor_t(CV_FAST) {}

    json_list_t m_services;

    // this is the callback function that Hex-Rays invokes for every expression
    // in the CTREE
    int visit_expr(ctexpr_t *e) {
        if (!(e->op == cot_call && e->x->op == cot_memptr &&
            e->x->x->op == cot_ptr && e->x->x->x->op == cot_var)) {
            return 0;
        }
        ea_t offset = e->x->m;

        // check if service from EFI_PEI_SERVICES
        tinfo_t table_type = e->x->x->type;
        tinfo_t table_type_no_ptr;
        qstring table_type_name;
        if (table_type.is_ptr()) {
            table_type_no_ptr = remove_pointer(table_type);
            table_type_no_ptr.get_type_name(&table_type_name);
        } else {
            table_type.get_type_name(&table_type_name);
        }

        // get service name from function type
        std::string service_name;
        if (table_type_name != "EFI_PEI_SERVICES") {
            qstring func_type_name;
            tinfo_t service_type = e->x->type;
            service_type.get_type_name(&func_type_name);
            std::string func_type = func_type_name.c_str();
            std::string prefix = "EFI_PEI_";
            if (func_type.substr(0, prefix.length()) == prefix) {
                func_type.erase(0, prefix.length());
            }
            service_name = efi_utils::type_to_name(func_type);
        } else {
            auto s = m_pei_services.find(offset);
            if (s == m_pei_services.end()) {
                return 0;
            }
            service_name = s->second;
        }
        if (m_debug) {
            efi_utils::log("0x%" PRIx64 " : %s service detected (offset: %d): %s\n",
                u64_addr(e->ea), table_type_name.c_str(), u32_addr(offset),
                service_name.c_str());
        }

        json s;
        s["address"] = e->ea;
        s["service_name"] = service_name;
        s["table_name"] = table_type_name.c_str();

        if (!efi_utils::json_in_vec(m_services, s)) {
            m_services.push_back(s);
        }

        return 0;
    }
}

```

```

protected:
    bool m_debug = true;
    std::map<ea_t, std::string> m_pei_services = {
        {0x18, "InstallPpi"},
        {0x20, "ReInstallPpi"},
        {0x28, "LocatePpi"},
        {0x30, "NotifyPpi"},
        {0x38, "GetBootMode"},
        {0x40, "SetBootMode"},
        {0x48, "GetHobList"},
        {0x50, "CreateHob"},
        {0x58, "FfsFindNextVolume"},
        {0x60, "FfsFindNextFile"},
        {0x68, "FfsFindSectionData"},
        {0x70, "InstallPeiMemory"},
        {0x78, "AllocatePages"},
        {0x80, "AllocatePool"},
        {0x88, "CopyMem"},
        {0x90, "SetMem"},
        {0x98, "ReportStatusCode"},
        {0xA0, "ResetSystem"},
        {0xA8, "CpuIo"},
        {0xB0, "PciCfg"},
        {0xB8, "FfsFindFileByName"},
        {0xC0, "FfsGetFileInfo"},
        {0xC8, "FfsGetVolumeInfo"},
        {0xD0, "RegisterForShadow"},
        {0xD8, "FindSectionData4"},
        {0xE0, "FfsGetFileInfo3"},
        {0xE8, "ResetSystem3"},
    };
};
} // namespace efi_hexrays
}

```

## efiXplorer/efi\_smm\_utils.h

```

/*
 * efiXplorer
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly
 *
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.
 *
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
 */

#pragma once

#include "efi_utils.h"

```

```
#include <string>
```

```
namespace efi_smm_utils {  
ea_list_t find_smst_sw_dispatch(ea_list_t bs_list);  
ea_list_t find_smst_smm_base(ea_list_t bs_list);  
func_list_t find_smi_handlers(ea_t address, std::string prefix);  
func_list_t find_smi_handlers_dispatch(efi_guid_t guid, std::string prefix);  
func_list_t find_smi_handlers_dispatch_stack(json_list_t stack_guids,  
                                             std::string prefix);  
ea_list_t find_smm_get_variable_calls(segment_list_t data_segs,  
                                     json_list_t *all_services);  
ea_list_t resolve_efi_smm_cpu_protocol(json_list_t stack_guids,  
                                     json_list_t data_guids,  
                                     json_list_t *all_services);  
ea_t mark_child_sw_smi_handlers(ea_t ea);  
} // namespace efi_smm_utils  
}
```

## efiXplorer/efi\_ui.h

```
/*  
 * efiXplorer  
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly  
 *  
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify  
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or  
 * (at your option) any later version.  
 *  
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,  
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of  
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the  
 * GNU General Public License for more details.  
 *  
 * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License  
 * along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.  
 *  
 */  
  
#pragma once  
  
#include "efi_utils.h"  
#include <string>  
  
//-----  
// vulns chooser  
class vulns_chooser_t : public chooser_t {  
public:  
    eavec_t list;  
    json chooser_vulns;  
  
    // this object must be allocated using `new`  
    vulns_chooser_t(const char *title, bool ok, json_list_t vulns);  
  
    // function that is used to decide whether a new chooser should be opened or  
    // we can use the existing one. The contents of the window are completely  
    // determined by its title  
    virtual const void *get_obj_id(size_t *len) const {  
        *len = strlen(title);  
        return title;  
    }  
};
```



```

}

// function that returns number of lines in the list
virtual size_t idaapi get_count() const { return list.size(); }

// function that generates the list line
virtual void idaapi get_row(qstrvec_t *cols, int *icon_,
                           chooser_item_attrs_t *attrs, size_t n) const;

// function that is called when the user hits `Enter`
virtual cbret_t idaapi enter(size_t n) {
    if (n < list.size())
        jumpto(list[n]);
    return cbret_t();
}

protected:
    static const int widths_vulns[];
    static const char *const header_vulns[];

    void build_list(bool ok, json_list_t vulns) {
        size_t n = 0;
        for (auto vuln : vulns) {
            list.push_back(vuln["address"]);
            chooser_vulns[n] = vuln;
            n++;
        }
        ok = true;
    }
};

//-----
// GUIDs chooser
class guids_chooser_t : public chooser_t {
protected:
    static const int widths_guids[];
    static const char *const header_guids[];

public:
    eavec_t list;
    json chooser_guids;

    // this object must be allocated using `new`
    guids_chooser_t(const char *title, bool ok, json_list_t guids);

    // function that is used to decide whether a new chooser should be opened or
    // we can use the existing one. The contents of the window are completely
    // determined by its title
    virtual const void *get_obj_id(size_t *len) const {
        *len = strlen(title);
        return title;
    }

    // function that returns number of lines in the list
    virtual size_t idaapi get_count() const { return list.size(); }

    // function that generates the list line
    virtual void idaapi get_row(qstrvec_t *cols, int *icon_,
                               chooser_item_attrs_t *attrs, size_t n) const;

    // function that is called when the user hits `Enter`
    virtual cbret_t idaapi enter(size_t n) {
        if (n < list.size())
            jumpto(list[n]);
    }
};

```

```

        return cbret_t();
    }

protected:
    void build_list(bool ok, json_list_t guids) {
        size_t n = 0;
        for (auto guid : guids) {
            list.push_back(guid["address"]);
            chooser_guids[n] = guid;
            n++;
        }
        ok = true;
    }
};

//-----
// protocols chooser
class m_protocols_chooser_t : public chooser_t {
protected:
    static const int widths_protocols[];
    static const char *const header_protocols[];

public:
    eavec_t list;
    json chooser_protocols;
    std::string name_key;

    // this object must be allocated using `new`
    m_protocols_chooser_t(const char *title, bool ok, json_list_t interfaces,
                          std::string name_key);

    // function that is used to decide whether a new chooser should be opened or
    // we can use the existing one. The contents of the window are completely
    // determined by its title
    virtual const void *get_obj_id(size_t *len) const {
        *len = strlen(title);
        return title;
    }

    // function that returns number of lines in the list
    virtual size_t idaapi get_count() const { return list.size(); }

    // function that generates the list line
    virtual void idaapi get_row(qstrvec_t *cols, int *icon_,
                               chooser_item_attrs_t *attrs, size_t n) const;

    // function that is called when the user hits `Enter`
    virtual cbret_t idaapi enter(size_t n) {
        if (n < list.size())
            jumpto(list[n]);
        return cbret_t();
    }
};

protected:
    void build_list(bool ok, json_list_t protocols) {
        size_t n = 0;
        for (auto protocol : protocols) {
            list.push_back(protocol["xref"]);
            chooser_protocols[n] = protocol;
            n++;
        }
        ok = true;
    }
};

```

```

//-----
// service chooser (address : service_name)
class services_chooser_t : public chooser_t {
protected:
    static const int widths_s[];
    static const char *const header_s[];

public:
    eavec_t list;
    json chooser_s;

    // this object must be allocated using `new`
    services_chooser_t(const char *title, bool ok, json_list_t services);

    // function that is used to decide whether a new chooser should be opened or
    // we can use the existing one. The contents of the window are completely
    // determined by its title
    virtual const void *get_obj_id(size_t *len) const {
        *len = strlen(title);
        return title;
    }

    // function that returns number of lines in the list
    virtual size_t idaapi get_count() const { return list.size(); }

    // function that generates the list line
    virtual void idaapi get_row(qstrvec_t *cols, int *icon_,
                               chooser_item_attrs_t *attrs, size_t n) const;

    // function that is called when the user hits `Enter`
    virtual cbret_t idaapi enter(size_t n) {
        if (n < list.size())
            jumpto(list[n]);
        return cbret_t();
    }

protected:
    void build_list(bool ok, json_list_t services) {
        size_t n = 0;
        for (auto j_service : services) {
            list.push_back(j_service["address"]);
            chooser_s[n] = j_service;
            n++;
        }
        ok = true;
    }
};

//-----
// NVRAM chooser
class nvram_chooser_t : public chooser_t {
protected:
    static const int widths_nvram[];
    static const char *const header_nvram[];

public:
    eavec_t list;
    json chooser_nvram;

    // this object must be allocated using `new`
    nvram_chooser_t(const char *title, bool ok, json_list_t nvrams);

    // function that is used to decide whether a new chooser should be opened or

```

```

// we can use the existing one. The contents of the window are completely
// determined by its title
virtual const void *get_obj_id(size_t *len) const {
    *len = strlen(title);
    return title;
}

// function that returns number of lines in the list
virtual size_t idaapi get_count() const { return list.size(); }

// function that generates the list line
virtual void idaapi get_row(qstrvec_t *cols, int *icon_,
                           chooser_item_attrs_t *attrs, size_t n) const;

// function that is called when the user hits `Enter`
virtual cbret_t idaapi enter(size_t n) {
    if (n < list.size())
        jumpto(list[n]);
    return cbret_t();
}

protected:
void build_list(bool ok, json_list_t nvram) {
    size_t n = 0;
    for (auto nvram : nvram) {
        list.push_back(nvram["addr"]);
        chooser_nvram[n] = nvram;
        n++;
    }
    ok = true;
}
};

extern action_desc_t action_load_report;

bool show_nvram(json_list_t nvram, qstring title);
bool show_vulns(json_list_t vulns, qstring title);
bool show_guids(json_list_t guid, qstring title);
bool show_protocols(json_list_t protocols, qstring title);
bool show_ppis(json_list_t protocols, qstring title);
bool show_services(json_list_t services, qstring title);
void attach_action_protocols_deps();
void attach_action_modules_seq();
}

```

## efiXplorer/efi\_utils.h

```

/*
 * efiXplorer
 * Copyright (C) 2020-2024 Binarly
 *
 * This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
 * the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
 * (at your option) any later version.
 *
 * This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
 * but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
 * GNU General Public License for more details.

```

```

*
* You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
* along with this program. If not, see <https://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
*
*/

#pragma once

#include "efi_defs.h"
#include <string>

namespace efi_utils {
arch_file_type_t input_file_type();

bool add_struct_for_shifted_ptr();
bool addr_in_tables(ea_list_t t1, ea_list_t t2, ea_list_t t3, ea_t ea);
bool addr_in_tables(ea_list_t t1, ea_list_t t2, ea_t ea);
bool addr_in_vec(ea_list_t vec, ea_t addr);
bool check_boot_service_protocol_xrefs(ea_t call_addr);
bool check_boot_service_protocol(ea_t call_addr);
bool check_install_protocol(ea_t ea);
bool json_in_vec(json_list_t vec, json item);
bool mark_copies_for_gvars(ea_list_t gvars, std::string type);
bool op_stroff(ea_t addr, std::string type);
bool set_ptr_type(ea_t addr, std::string type);
bool set_ret_to_pei_svc(ea_t start_ea);
bool summary_json_exists();
bool uint64_in_vec(uint64_list_t vec, uint64_t value);
bool valid_guid(json guid);

ea_list_t find_data(ea_t start_ea, ea_t end_ea, uchar *data, size_t len);
ea_list_t get_xrefs_to_array(ea_t addr);
ea_list_t get_xrefs(ea_t addr);
ea_list_t search_protocol(std::string protocol);

ea_t find_unknown_bs_var64(ea_t ea);

efi_guid_t get_global_guid(ea_t addr);
efi_guid_t get_local_guid(func_t *f, uint64_t offset);

ffs_file_type_t ask_file_type(json_list_t *m_all_guids);

json get_guid_by_address(ea_t addr);

qstring get_module_name_loader(ea_t addr);

std::filesystem::path get_guids_json_file();
std::filesystem::path get_summary_file();

std::string as_hex(uint64_t value);
std::string get_table_name(std::string service_name);
std::string get_wide_string(ea_t addr);
std::string guid_to_string(json guid);
std::string lookup_boot_service_name(uint64_t offset);
std::string lookup_runtime_service_name(uint64_t offset);
std::string type_to_name(std::string type);

uint8_list_t unpack_guid(std::string guid);

void op_stroff_for_global_interface(ea_list_t xrefs, qstring type_name);
void op_stroff_for_interface(xreflist_t local_xrefs, qstring type_name);
void set_const_char16_type(ea_t ea);
void set_entry_arg_to_pei_svc();
void set_guid_type(ea_t ea);

```

```
void set_ptr_type_and_name(ea_t ea, std::string name, std::string type);
void set_type_and_name(ea_t ea, std::string name, std::string type);

int log(const char *fmt, ...);
} // namespace efi_utils

uint16_t get_machine_type();
uint32_t u32_addr(ea_t addr);
uint64_t u64_addr(ea_t addr);
size_t get_ptrsize();

#if IDA_SDK_VERSION >= 900
tid_t import_type(const til_t *til, int _idx, const char *name);
#endif
}
```

## The End

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